

The Hongkong Telegraph

UBSIBERS

WEATHER FORECAST
FAIR
Barometer 29.74

June 29, 1912, Temperature a.m. 81, p.m. 87, Humidity...84, 87.

(ESTABLISHED 1881.)
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June 29, 1912, Temperature a.m. 82, p.m. 85, Humidity...85, 77.

9138 晚六廿月伍年丑癸

MONDAY, JUNE 30, 1912.

一拜禮 號十廿月大英港香

836 444 444
SINGAPORE CORR 10 CENTS

TELEGRAMS.

BALKAN AFFAIRS.

GRAVE DEVELOPMENTS.

Reuter's [Service to the "Telegraph."]
London. Received June 28.
Reuter's correspondent at Bucharest says the King intended to go to Sinai on Saturday, but the visit was postponed owing to the grave development of events.

Bulgarian Policy.
The semi-official "Weiner Allgemeine Zeitung" states that Bulgaria is willing to renounce the condominium with regard to disputable territory but not to demolish. Consequently neither Serbia nor Greece will demolish.

Roumania Alert.
It is reported in Vienna that Roumania has threatened Bulgaria with invasion if war in between Serbia and Bulgaria.

More Fighting.
Despatches received in Salonika state that the casualties are heavy on both sides.

Austrian Feeling.
Speaking in the Reichsrath, the Premier, Dr. Stuerck, said that the tension recently perceptible between the Balkan States had happily lost its acuteness, as they had deemed they had discovered a way to a pacific agreement. This development was welcomed everywhere, and especially in Austria.

Montenegrins Cleared.
London. Received June 30.
A Montenegrin army of 12,000 men arrived at Uskub and were given an ovation by the Serbians.

Roumania and Bulgaria.
Reuter's correspondent at Sofia says the semi-official "Mitteleuropaeische Post" believes that Roumania will intervene in the event of a Serbo-Bulgarian war, in view of the abundant proofs which the Bulgarians have furnished with the sincere desire for friendship with Roumania.

THE SUFFRAGISTS.

CONFLICT WITH POLICE.

London. Received June 30.
Following a demonstration in Trafalgar Square, Miss Sylvia Penkhurst, headed by a body of male sympathisers, mostly dockers, and a crowd of 2,000, marched down Whitehall and attempted to break a cordon of police blocking Downing Street.

A general melee ensued, and the police eventually drove back the crowd towards the Square. Five men were arrested.

ATHLETICS.

A WORLD'S RECORD.

London. Received June 29.
At a Cardiff sports meeting Appleghath, the famous athlete, did the 150 yards in 14 2/5secs., creating a world's record.

JAPAN & AMERICA.

ARBITRATION TREATY EXTENDED.

London. Received June 30.
Reuter's correspondent at Washington states that Mr. Bryan and Baron Gochinda have signed an extension of the special Arbitration Treaty, which was about to expire.

TELEGRAMS.

GERMAN DEFENCE.

A STORMY DEBATE.

Reuter's [Service to the "Telegraph."]
London. Received June 29.
Reuter's Berlin correspondent reports that during the debate in the Reichstag on the third reading of the Defence Bill, Dr. Bethmann von Hollweg was stormily interrupted by the Socialists. The Chancellor strongly repudiated the suggestion that the Government was acting as an agent provocateur in the armament competition. Germany sought no enemies, he declared. They were living, and wished to live, in peace and friendship with all their neighbours. Nevertheless, they could not ignore the historic truth that strength was the best protection against attack.

The debate throughout was extraordinarily heated and bitter. Dr. Bethmann von Hollweg and his Socialist antagonists were howled down repeatedly by their opposing sides.

The Socialists denounced the recent extension on workmen's services at the Erfurt court-martial of five years' penal servitude for a drunken affray in a tavern, and demanded the reform of the military criminal code.

It was finally agreed to discuss on Monday a draft law admitting mitigating circumstances in certain military offences.

GERMAN TAXATION.

INHERITANCES AFFECTED.

London. Received June 28.
Reuter's Berlin correspondent says the Reichstag has adopted the Property Taxation Bill for taxing inheritance by children and exempting inheritance by widows and widowers.

A Socialist amendment favouring the taxation of the Federal Princes, was passed by a narrow majority, despite the opposition of the Government. The amendment will probably be dropped on the third reading.

MOROCCAN TROUBLE.

OPERATIONS SUSPENDED.

London. Received June 30.
Owing to the desperate resistance of the Moors and the heavy Spanish casualties, the Spanish general has suspended operations pending the arrival of reinforcements.

[A telegram, dated June 28, stated that ten more battalions were being sent to Tetuan.]

SPANISH PRISONER.

FORTUNATE ESCAPE.

London. Received June 29.
Reuter's correspondent at Madrid reports that those of the crew of the Spanish gunboat General Concha who were taken prisoners by the Moors on the 13th inst., have escaped by the aid of friendly natives.

PRINCE OF WALES.

ANOTHER GERMAN VISIT.

London. Received June 28.
The Prince of Wales leaves on the 1st July on another visit to Germany.

TELEGRAMS.

LEICESTER BY-ELECTION.

LIBERAL RETURNED.

Reuter's [Service to the "Telegraph."]
London. Received June 28.
The by-election at Leicester, rendered necessary by the retirement of Captain E. Crawshaw-Williams owing to a pending divorce suit, resulted as follows:
Mr. Hewitt (L.) 10,863
Mr. Wilsheire (U.) 9,278
Mr. Hatley (Socialist) 2,580

Liberal majority over Unionist ... 2,580

Everybody Pleased!

All the papers are pleased at the result, the Conservatives describing it as the most significant blow that the Government has yet received in view of the strength of this Radical stronghold, while the Liberal section of the Press is professing that the Conservatives are chastened at their failure to capture the seat and sow discord among the Labour Party.

Mr. Macdonald's Views.

London. Received June 29.
Mr. Ramsey Macdonald, who holds the other seat at Leicester, speaking at Coalville, said it was contrary to common sense to imagine that the Labour party could have ousted the Liberals from the second seat at Leicester, but he denied that the threat to resign, which was read at a Liberal meeting, emanated from him or the party executive. It was the work of a certain M.P. acting upon little faith. He was confident that the Labour party at Leicester would act unitedly in the future.

THE RIGHT TO SUICIDE.

A verdict of "Felo de se" was returned at Hampstead Coroner's Court at the resumed inquest on the body of Mrs. Sara Olga Jacoby, aged 38, the wife of Mr. John Jacoby, lace manufacturer, of Crediton-road, West Hampstead.

According to the evidence at the previous hearing, Mrs. Jacoby had been in bad health for the last three years, and had had four operations. A few days before her death she wrote what she said she believed would be her farewell letters. She had often said that when she was no use to her children she would be justified in taking her life, and on one occasion when her husband spoke of removing her to a nursing home she replied that the opening of a vein would be a more painful death. Mr. Jacoby found her one morning breathing very heavily, and she died without regaining consciousness. In a farewell letter she wrote: "I have made up my mind to take a sleeping draught instead of having another attack. It may be my farewell to you. I am getting worse and worse. I think there is no harm in shortening it."

Dr. Bernard H. Spilsbury said that death was due to syncope from disease of the heart, liver, and spleen, accelerated by an overdose of salicylate.

The Coroner, having said that they had no evidence of any un soundness of mind, Mr. Jacoby said that he distinctly wished the jury to return a verdict in accordance with the evidence. His wife only did what she felt she had a perfect right to do. He did not desire them to return a verdict from sentiment, because if they did it would be an insult to his wife's memory.

The jury, after some consultation in private, returned a verdict as stated.

TELEGRAMS.

DUKE OF CONNAUGHT.

TO RETURN TO CANADA.

Reuter's [Service to the "Telegraph."]
London. Received June 30.
It is officially stated that the Duke of Connaught has accepted an extension, for a year, of the Governor Generalship of Canada. He probably returns to Canada in the autumn, when it is hoped that the Duchess will be well enough to accompany him.

CHINESE UNREST.

SPANISH PRIEST MURDERED.

London. Received June 28.
Reuter's Peking correspondent telegraphs that a Spanish priest has been murdered at Kichow, Shensi, where 3,000 people are in rebellion.

WELSH COAL TRADE.

To Truth Lies—Somewhere.

The South Wales coal trade, as the "Times" correspondent in a very serious condition, and the prospects for the remainder of the year also appear to be gloomy. The recent remarkable progress has been accomplished by rising wages, a demand for more dock accommodation, and high freight rates. The eager inquiry for coal on which the activity of the trade is based is considered to be due to ordinary economic causes, the recent state of war in the Mediterranean has rather hindered than helped it. The great export demand is due largely to the high cost of production abroad.

A correspondent in the same paper drawn attention to the great amount of discontent prevailing in the coalfields, especially among non-unionists who have been coerced into joining the unions. The writer predicts that as soon as trade slackens and the employers propose to reduce wages there will be serious trouble.

DROUGHT IN SZECHUEN.

Chengtu, June 21—Northern and central Szechuen are suffering from drought and only one tenth of the rice crop has been planted. This week, however, heavy rains have fallen throughout the Chengtu plain and if they become general the above districts may yet get a late crop.

The "Kuomintang" reports that the main body of Tibetans have been at Lechung and Ruoguan, from where traders are fleeing. Yulin Tatum has been appointed Warden of the Marches and will remain at Tatsienlu. Hu Chi-ni has been appointed to Tatsienlu.

GALLANT HOME-BUILDERS.

A motor car decorated with two small Union Jacks was attacked by a Nationalist crowd in Leeson Street, off the main road, Belfast, when conveying to their homes several children who had taken part in the annual outing to Mount Stewart, the residence of Lord and Lady Londonderry. A crowd of roughs surrounded the car, pulled down the Union Jacks, and attempted to assault the driver, who managed, however, to get the car through the crowd. A companion shielded the child from violence, and the crippled boy was ultimately left at his home.

TELEGRAMS.

THE GRAND PRIX.

RESULT OF FRENCH DERBY.

Reuter's [Service to the "Telegraph."]
London. Received June 30.
The Grand Prix de Paris, run on Sunday at Longchamps over a distance of one mile seven furlongs, resulted as follows:
Broeur 1.
Opot 2.
Ecouen 3.
Twenty ran; won by a length and a half, two lengths separating second and third.
The "Sportsman" betting was:—355 to 100 against the winner; 18 to 1 against Opot; 19 to 4 against Ecouen.

THE FLY PERIL.

Immersed in profound researches, says the "Times," science has, as it were, brushed impatiently away the little thing that buzzed about its nose. Individual flies have lived in captivity for sixteen weeks. Flies which have been caught and marked, and then liberated, have found within forty-eight hours a mile away from the point of liberation. The distance which flies may travel, therefore, carrying with them whatever foulness they may be possessed of, is almost unlimited. A number of investigators have shown that the germs, with which, as has been said, every fly is probably loaded, remain alive for a material length of time; for a longer period when taken into the insect with its food and carried within it until re-ejected than when merely attached to it externally. A fly which had fed on the bacillus of tuberculosis was found still to contain the bacilli after fourteen days. Also the bacilli, having been taken into the fly and subsequently excreted, remained virulent for fifteen days after ejection. By merely making a casually caught fly walk over a nutrient culture a really astounding number of colonies of bacteria may be developed. A single fly caught at a restaurant in a suburb of London gave no fewer than 110 colonies of bacteria and ten colonies of fungi, the germs having all been carried on the bristles of the insect's legs and body or on its proboscis, as gathered while feeding on the refuse in the cun. That flies are every day similarly collecting germs and subsequently walking, not on well guarded cultures but on children's bread and butter and on the eatables in shops and kitchens and on our tables is obvious. Nor are household refuse cans the worst places which flies visit or in which they feed and breed. It is probable that a large proportion of the deaths from typhoid, both in the South African War and in the American War with Spain, were due to the instrumentality of the flies that swarmed about the camps; and it is equally likely that they bear a share in numerous lesser outbreaks of typhoid of which the cause is never known. In addition to typhoid it is also believed that flies are active carriers of tuberculosis, ophthalmia, anthrax, cholera, and other terrible maladies, besides the infantile diarrhoea or enteritis which causes so heavy a mortality among the children in our cities every summer.

Flies on the wing are evasive things, and catching them by hand or in traps or on fly-papers is a tedious process. Infinitely more effective is the destruction of the fly-maggots in their breeding places. The house fly breeds with almost appalling rapidity, the entire life cycle, from the laying of the egg to the maturity of the perfect insect, taking, under favourable conditions, no more than from three weeks to a

TELEGRAMS.

HOME CRICKET.

WEEK-END RESULTS.

Reuter's [Service to the "Telegraph."]
London. Received June 29.
Kent beat Hampshire at Portsmouth by 144 runs and 75 runs. Lancashire drew with Surrey at the Oval.
Sussex played a drawn game with Nottingham at Brighton.
At Northampton, the home county drew with Yorkshire.
Worcestershire defeated Somerset at Worcester by eight wickets.
Mr. H. D. G. Layson Gower's XI beat Oxford University at Eastbourne by 206 runs.

month; and a few days after the perfect insect emerges from the pupa it is a ready to lay again. It has been calculated that if the progeny of a single pair of flies, assuming that they all lived, were pressed together at the end of a summer they would occupy the space of about a quarter of a million cubic feet. Without pretending to follow or venturing to dispute the calculation, what is evident is that, taking 600 eggs as a reasonable number (as it seems to be) for a single fly to lay, the progeny of a pair, if all survived, would at the end of three months amount to some 54,000,000. Happily flies have many enemies, and the creature is exposed to innumerable risks of catastrophe at every stage of its existence. None the less they multiply with dreadful rapidity, and their breeding places are chiefly in stables, manure heaps, garbage cans, and accumulations of refuse of all sorts. It is these that must be attacked, and the attacks must be thorough and at regular periods of about a week throughout the spring and summer, when it is claimed that under proper organization there should be no more difficulties in reducing flies to an innocuous number in any community than were successfully overcome in exterminating mosquitoes from various fever-breeding places, while results in the saving of human life would be not incommensurable in beneficence.

CABLE TARIFFS.

From (to-morrow) 1st July, 1912, there come into force some considerable reductions in the cable tariffs to the Straits, F.M.S., Philippines, India, Africa &c. but the projected reductions to Europe &c. are yet in abeyance. The largest reduction applies to the Straits Settlements and F.M.S. which will have a uniform rate during next quarter of 55 cents as against a present average of \$1.08, and to Manila the rate becomes 30 cents instead of 45 cents.

The India rate falls from \$1.20 to \$1.05 and applies also to Ceylon telegrams passing by the new Penang-Columbo cable which is being opened for Ceylon traffic on 1st July. The Netherlands Indies rate, from 15th July, also falls considerably, viz from an average of \$1.45 to a uniform rate of \$0.90, and there are also reductions to Indo China, Persia &c.

A very remarkable reduction, which will be very welcome, occurs from 1st July in the rate for press telegrams between Great Britain and Hongkong which drops from 75 cents to 20 cents or 4/1-2d. per word.

NEWS FOR BUSY MEN.

TELEGRAMS.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

Latest cricket results are given to-day.

The Grand Prix de Paris was won by Broeur.

There was a stormy debate in the Reichstag on the third reading of the Defence Bill.

Appleghath, the famous sprinter, has done the 150 yards in 14 2/5 seconds, a world's record.

The prisoners taken by the Moors from the Spanish gunboat General Concha have escaped.

A Spanish priest has been murdered at Kichow, where 3,000 people are said to be in rebellion.

Japan and America have signed an extension of the Special Arbitration Treaty which was about to expire.

The by-election at Leicester resulted in the Liberal (Mr. Hewitt) being returned in a three-cornered contest.

The Spanish General at Tetuan has suspended offensive operations against the Moors until the arrival of reinforcements.

A suffragist procession came into conflict with the police in Downing Street and following a melee five men were arrested.

The Duke of Connaught has accepted a year's extension of the Governor Generalship of Canada, and returns thither in the autumn.

LOCAL.

Saturday's local sports reported in our column to-day.

A full account of the Potting Godown fire appears in to-day's issue.

In another column we publish an account of the funeral of Mr. Song at Shanghai.

Mr. Marshall Darrach's methods of presenting Shakespeare's plays is described in to-day's issue.

Fine cable reductions come into force to-morrow. Particulars are given elsewhere in this issue.

The funeral of Mrs. Wei Wah Lan, sister-in-law of the Hon. Mr. Wei Yuk, took place yesterday.

Col. Preston R.O.A.

Col. D'A. B. Preston, who was placed on half pay a few weeks ago on completion of his command of the Royal Garrison Artillery at Gibraltar, has retired from the Army after 30 years' service. He could have remained on the active list for another four years.

H.M.S. Kent.

H.M.S. Kent, coaled at Tanjong Pagar, Singapore, last week, and sailed in the afternoon, bound for home.

DON'T FORGET.

TO-DAY.

Victoria Theatre, 9.15 p.m.
Bijou Scenic Theatre, 9.15 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Victoria Theatre 9.15 p.m.
Bijou Scenic Theatre, 9.15 p.m.
Malini at the Park Hotel, 8.30 p.m.
Thursday July 5.
Malini at St. Andrews' Hall, 8.30 p.m.

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Hongkong, 1st Aug., 1912. [55]

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regarded for without any trouble to

guests.

Hongkong, 1st Feb., 1912. [152]

MEE CHEUNG.

ART PHOTOGRAPHER

HONGKONG.

TELEPHONE NO. 1013.

Developing, Printing & Enlarging

engraving. 1st May, 1911.

Notices

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that we can now manufacture on our premises
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OUR
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South China Morning Post.

Lowest on Record.

There are, at present, no avail-
able means of ascertaining de-
finitely how the retention of these
young emigrants would have
affected the returns one way or
the other; but of this we are cer-
tain that Canada, Australia, and
other favoured fields of exploita-
tion by the emigration agents
have multiplied their populations
thereby out of all proportion to
the growth of the parent
country. The loss of potential
population to Great Britain by
the emigration movement has
been enormous, and cannot
have failed to make its in-
fluence felt upon the statistics.
The cost of living has also had
its effect upon the raising of
large families. This has been
recognised by all students of the
subject of population; but the
prime cause governing the rate at
which the community is repro-
ducing itself, we are convinced,
is more to be found in the
energetic emigration campaigns
which for years have been de-
riving the old country of the
flower of its youth than in the
increased cost of living or the
small degree to which matrimony
may, among a certain class, have
become unfashionable.

China Mail.

Science and Religion.

It is impossible for a modern
astronomer to believe that the
earth is supported on the back of
a tortoise, or that the sun regularly
goes to bed in the sea. But
ultimate religious ideas are quite
unaffected by legendary or semi-
poetical explanations of physical
phenomena, and the more know-
ledge we gain of the secrets of
Nature the more dangerous it
seems to dogmatise as to the
limits of the possible. The
physiologist who seeks to explain
the martyr's zeal or the con-
queror's ambition, nay, even the
lady's sense of vanity, in terms
of molecular motion is going
beyond his province as much as
the priest who insists that the
sun moved round an unmoving
earth. The world, in fact, is still
as it was in Johnson's time, a
place where there is little to be
known and the extension of know-
ledge, while it may free religious
faith from many extraneous
associations, can hardly in the
long run effect the attitude of
mankind towards the greater mys-
teries.

22 Daily Press.

China Affairs.

In education, as in many
other fields, the Republican Gov-
ernment has to start completely
anew. It is quite impos-
sible to secure any statistics for
1912, and, were they available,
they would only reveal what has
been accomplished in the matter
of reorganization during the
transition stage. With this pro-
spect the 1913 Year Book discloses
a hopeful prospect in almost every
field. The figures given for the
Army show the success that is
attending the disarmament mea-
sures; progress is shown towards
replacing the Tatars of the Pro-
vinces by Civil Governors and
generally re-establishing the pro-
vincial civil administration; judi-
cial reforms are seen to be
advancing (of 1,115 Courts of
Justice to be established, 689
are already operating); while the
consolidation of the various
political groups, with sectional
aims into parties with definite
policies and creeds, shows the
heaven of patriotism at work in
the parliamentary struggles—the
danger, it may be pointed out,
is lest these creeds become too
fixed and narrow; and incom-
patible with that spirit of com-
promise that is essential to
parliamentary government. The
work contains many other note-
worthy features, but enough has
been said to demonstrate its value
as a handbook of Chinese affairs
in general, revised up to the
latest possible date.

For a good solid meal a la
Carte or Table d'Hôte with
Wines & Liquors of the Best
KAZUO CAFE.

GENERAL NEWS.

Likely to Retire

The "Pinang Gazette" regrets to hear that, from reasons of health, there is a likelihood of the Resident-Councillor, the Hon. W. Evans, retiring towards the end of the year.

Chinese and British.

It is reported from Burma that the Chinese officials on the Yunnan border are showing complete cordiality towards all British officials with whom they have any relations. Yunnan province is said now to be in a far more settled state than last year.

Electric Power in Zamboanga.

President Wilson has approved the issue of bonds to cover the cost of installation of the Zamboanga waterworks and electric light and power system. It is believed the issue will amount to P232,000 and the balance of the total cost of P400,000 provided locally.

Opium Smoking on River Steamers.

Wuchang, June, 21.—Well-informed Chinese state that many of the river steamers contain a large number of opium smokers each trip. Thirty or forty lamps, sets of instruments and several smokers were seen on one on Friday night. People are wondering whether any control can be exercised over these boats by any Government.

Smallpox in the F.M.S.

An outbreak of smallpox is ravaging the town of Bentong, says the "Malay Mail." During the last two or three days many cases have occurred among Chinese children. One tailor and a cycle shop have been ordered to be closed, and the Police Inspector, the Sanitary Inspector and the Medical Staff are very vigorously trying to prevent the contagion from spreading.

Indian Princes in England.

Many Indian Princes will be in England this summer, some are already there. They include the Maharaja Holkar of Indore, who is staying at the Hans Crescent Hotel, the young Nawab of Bahawalpur, the Thakur of Patilana, who was page to the Queen at the Delhi Durbar, and is very popular in Royal circles, the Yuvaraja of Mysore, and the Raja of Narsingarh. A visit is also expected from the Nawab of Junagarh. The Gaekwar of Baroda is going over there, and the Aga Khan will also be seen in London.

Tibet.

The Government, apparently, is not surprised to learn that Wuchang, Honan, retiring Tathu of Kwantung, does not accept the post of Commissioner for the pacification of Tibet says a Northern paper. With regard to Mr. Ivan Chen, the Government hopes he will accept the appointment. Reuter's Agency learns semi-officially that the Government thinks it probable that the pacifier will proceed to the Tibetan frontier with a view to ascertaining the actual situation there, concerning which reports are somewhat conflicting, and, also, to establishing better relations between China and Tibet prior to the Darjeeling conference. A long delay, however, will be entailed by the journey to the frontier and this may prevent the visit.

The Betting Bill in the F.M.S.

In the course of some remarks on the above subject the "Malay Mail" says: The betting evil, we believe, never attained to such scandalous proportions in the F.M.S. which it did in Penang or Singapore, but as we are now days so intimately bound up with the Colony we suppose it is but right that we should harmonise our racing and police laws with those of the Straits Settlement, and as the bookmaker is banished from the Colony so we must tell him to quit the precincts of our clubs and leave our delectable racecourses severely alone. It savours somewhat of grand-motherly legislation certainly, but then our lawmakers might have behaved worse and put the ban on the totalisator also. Besides, this is an era of codding and like a good many other people we cannot, in the opinion of those who look after our morals from the high places above, be trusted to resist temptations should it come our way.

SERVICE MATTERS.

Thirty Years' Service.

Lieut.-Col. C. E. Hendley, who completes his five years in command of the 81st Pioneer, Indian Army, at the end of the year, has been granted an extension to November, 1914, when he will complete 30 years' service.

C.O. of the S. Wales Borders.

Lieut.-Col. H. M. Graham completed his period in command of the 1st Battalion South Wales Borderers at Chatham on June 9. He is the last officer to leave the regiment who joined it when it was the 24th Foot. The new commanding officer is to be Major H. E. B. Leach, of the same battalion, who formerly belonged to the Northumberland Fusiliers.

H.M.S. New Zealand's Mixed Welcome.

From the flag-shiping purpose, for which it was arranged, the cruise of the New Zealand has reached the most interesting stage of the world-wide voyage. The gift ship is at present visiting ports in New Zealand, so that the people who provided her as a contribution to the defence of the British Empire are afforded the opportunity of going on board the vessel—which they are doing in thousands—giving a practical expression of their spontaneous loyalty and a visible sign of the doctrine of co-operative action in the common defence of the Empire. In these circumstances it is much to be regretted that at Wellington, the first port of call in New Zealand waters, the reception which the vessel received was somewhat lukewarm. "The Governor," says a "Globe" correspondent, "after an exchange of compliments with Captain Halsey hurriedly returned to Auckland, and Oppositionists suggest that he took his cue from the Government, because the New Zealand was offered by the ex-Premier, Sir Joseph Ward." By way of countering this alleged lukewarmness, the local friends of the ex-Premier presented to the New Zealand a portrait of Sir Joseph Ward in oils, with a silver plate recording that the gift of the ship was made during Sir Joseph Ward's Premiership. Honours were therefore easy, but it is nevertheless unfortunate that the New Zealand's epoch-making cruise cannot be kept out of the party rut.

Plain Clothes and Efficiency.

Those who are arguing that the permission to wear plain clothes given to the fleetmen when pursuing their private occasions on shore is likely to diminish the number of recruits obtained by the blue-jacket and Marine recruiters, are overlooking the fact that the custom is a very old one. In the old days the wearing of plain clothes was not only not recognised by the authorities, but port admirals who tried to suppress the practice at naval ports were openly flouted and defied. The present-day uniform of the Navy is of comparatively recent date, while the practice of wearing multi by lower deck ratings is as old as the hills, and naval recruiting has probably gained more than it has suffered by fleetmen wearing private clothes, as the quality as well as the quantity of naval recruits has to be considered in these days of "basket-of-tricks" men-of-war, whose delicate and complex machines and instruments need the most careful and intelligent handling. The responsible duties which have to be performed by men of able seamen rating, when a modern warship is in action, are known only to those who understand the details of the gunnery and torpedo departments; but these duties are of such importance that a single slip, or mistake might spoil the effect of a broadside of guns, or even, in extreme cases, place a target containing a pair of 12in. guns out of action, and thus temporarily withdraw about one-fifth of the long-range fighting power from the broadside of a battleship. This would be a very serious matter to be captain of a ship attacking a formidable opponent. To secure men of the right sort for such responsible work, therefore, the privilege of wearing private clothes appears to be a small thing, while experience shows that the privilege does undoubtedly attract superior men to the senior service. "Globe."

Prepaid Advertisements
ONE CENT PER WORD
FOR EACH INSERTION.

TO LET.

MEIRION, No. 10, Peak, furnished or unfurnished. 6 Rooms.

No. 21, SHELLY STREET, No. 2 Mountain View, Peak, from 1st July.

To let or for sale, "GLEN-SHIEL," Barker Road, No. 124, Peak, 5 rooms from 1st March, 1913.

"CRAIG RYRIE," No. 4, the Peak to let; fine situation; 8 rooms; tennis and croquet lawns.

To let, furnished "KIRKEN-DOA," No. 113 The Peak, till 30th September. Immediate possession.

One Godown, Duddell Street. To let, No. 111 Peak, "ARDSHEAL" furnished or unfurnished with immediate possession; 5 rooms Bungalow just repaired and painted throughout.

FOR SALE.—"HARTING and ROGATE," on part of Kowloon Island Lot No. 1154.

FOR SALE.—"LADBROKE," No. 9 Conduit Road. Fine View of harbour; 8 Rooms, 3 Bathrooms, Garden and Tennis Court. Accommodations for 30 Servants.

Apply to LINSTED & DAVIS, 3rd Floor, Alexandra Building Hongkong, 27th June, 1913 [211]

TO LET on 2nd Floor No. 2, Pedder Street.

One roomed Office. Apply Property Office, Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. [185]

A HACIENDA EAST, 74, Mount K. lot Road.

GODOWN in Lee House Road, at present in occupation of Messrs. E. D. Sasson & Co.

Apply to THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd. Hongkong 7th June, 1913.

TO LET—(from 1st July 1913) No. 2 Mountain View, The Peak. Apply LINSTED & DAVIS, Hongkong, 9th June, 1913. [345]

Legion of Honour for British Subject.

Mr. Burrell, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the General Omnibus Company of Paris, who is a British subject, has been appointed Chevalier of the Legion of Honour.

Football Finance. The statement of accounts of the past year issued by the Football Association shows that £11,030

TO LET.

TO LET—AT KOWLOON. NEW MODERN 3 ROOM-ED FLATS with Two Bathrooms

Pantry, Kitchen and Servants' Quarters. Bathrooms fitted with English Baths. Kitchen has English Cooking Range and Hot Water Boiler. Electric Light throughout. Immediate Possession. Also NEW FIVE ROOMED TERRACE HOUSES WITH TENNIS COURTS. Now ready for occupation. Apply to—HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE Co., Ltd.

Alexandra Buildings, Hongkong, 22nd May, 1913. [337]

TO LET—Furnished or Unfurnished, 3 rooms with use of Kitchen; highest level; good view.—"Reasonable," "Hongkong Telegraph."

TO LET—No. 5, "LYEE-MOON VILLAS" Kowloon. Immediate possession. Apply to—SPANISH DOMINICAN PROCUATION, 2, Seymour Road, Hongkong.

TO LET, unfurnished, "Edgehill," No. 6a The Peak. A five-roomed bungalow. Apply to A. Raymond, c/o S. J. DAVID & Co., Hongkong, 28th June, 1913. [377]

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Aureophone, by the Gramophone Company, Limited, complete with 100 records, of which 70 are practically new. This gramophone works by an electric motor. It was bought in May, 1911, and is in good condition. Originally cost £100.—Apply to Adjutant 126th Baluchistan Infantry, Kowloon.

FOR SALE.—Kenlis, 76a The Peak, 7 rooms, box room, lawn and garden, Central heating, tram 7 min. by rickshaw.—Apply Harbour Master.

Aids Digestion—Prevents Indigestion.

O.T.

O.T. is a true digestive, and really does what liquors are supposed to do, namely, Aid Digestion. It is the only liqueur in the world without alcohol, and thus is most suitable for ladies and those

averse to spirituous drinks. As a preventive and remedy for indigestion, O.T. is favourably known to thousands of people in all countries.

A Stimulant as Satisfactory as Alcohol

A Liqueur—Stomachic—Pick-me-up.

Made from natural fruits and herbs O.T. is a pure and healthful beverage, and only favourable effects follow its use. After over-indulgence there's no better "pick-me-up." As a tonic when you feel "out-of-sorts," there's nothing better to make you fit and well again.

O.T. is a true digestive, and therefore good as a

mealtime drink, as an after-dinner liqueur, and as a remedy for indigestion, flatulence and "full feeling" after meals.

As a stomachic, it has wonderful virtues for colic, dysentery, and other stomach troubles. No drink is more suitable than O.T. for both abstemious and non-abstemious; none is more healthful for young and old.



The More you Drink O.T. the Better you like it!

O.T. wine favour with all who try it. Its distinctive character, its refreshing and exhilarating qualities, its satisfying body and "bite" appeal to you—its taste grows on you, and you soon realise that each glass adds to your liking and appreciation.

O.T. Mixes Deliciously with

Lemonade, Soda, Mineral Waters, etc.

Whisky, Gin, Brandy, Wines—

Gives full body, fine flavour, stimulating, refreshing, lessens filling and flatulent effects of mixed drinks.

Improves flavour, intensifies the good qualities, and lessens alcoholic effects.

Ale, Beer, Stout—gives fine nip, takes off heaviness and filling effect.

Water (Hot or Cold)—gives a "bite" and a delicious flavour that completely satisfy.



SOLE AGENTS FOR HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA—

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

Notices



"Yes Sir—Kryptok!"

"Kryptok Lenses are the greatest 'near and far' glasses I ever saw. Used to fool around with two pairs of glasses—then I got those bifocals with the annoying lines in front of my eyes. Now I know better—I wear Kryptok bifocal lenses in

Fits-U Spectacles

Try that combination if you wish to look and feel years younger. Call and see us about glasses while the matter is on your mind.

N. LAZARUS, Ophthalmic Optician, 1A, D'Aguilar Street.

ASTHMA

CAN Be Cured.

THEN why be half suffocated, and sit up all night coughing and gasping for breath when a SINGLE dose of

NOBBS' ASTHMA CURE

will give you certain, prompt relief and ensure a good night's rest? This, the only genuine cure for Asthma, discovered by Mr. NOBBS, a qualified Chemist, and a sufferer for many years, will, if taken when necessary, effect a radical cure of this erstwhile incurable malady.

Obtainable at Messrs. A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd. and all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Price \$2.50 per bottle.

THE FAIR FARM

Is Located in The Healthiest District of Kowloon, and Supplies us daily with the choicest VEGETABLES, EGGS, and POULTRY.

The Farm is under EUROPEAN SUPERVISION and every attention is paid to the PROPER GROWING OF VEGETABLES, and the Poultry of EUROPEAN STOCK. Try Our Delicious CRISP SALADS! Grand Hotel, Queen's Road.



THE HALL-MARK OF PERFECTION.

In each tin of "FELUCCA" Egyptian Cigarettes there is now being packed a very useful 'Leather' Pocket Case.

FRESH STOCKS JUST ARRIVED

THE AGA LIGHT.

For Light-Houses, Buoys, Railway Lights, Automobile and Military Signal Lamps, Searchlights and Complete Installations for Houses and Sea Craft. ARTHUR NILSSON & CO., YORK BUILDING, GENERAL AGENTS.

FILIPINO BARBER SHOP.

THE BEST IN THE COLONY! Come to us for AMERICAN Electric Massage! TRY OUR NEW SHAMPOOING AND HAIR DRESSING. 31, Des Voeux Road.

TO LET.

Four Rooms centrally situated: suitable for offices: 1st floor 25 Des Voeux Road, Central.

FRENCH STORE,

25, DES VOEUX ROAD, CENTRAL

WM. POWELL, LTD.

DES VOEUX ROAD, HONGKONG.

TAILORING

DEPARTMENT.

EXCELLENT UNSHRINKABLE

White & Grey

FLANNELS & SERGES.

FOR TENNIS OR GOLF COATS & TROUSERS.

TO MEASURE OR READY TO WEAR.

COATS 12.50 to 20.00

TROUSERS 9.50 to 15.00

IN GREAT DEMAND

CHANSO & CO., LTD'S.

PRICKLY HEAT LOTION

An infallible remedy for this distressing complaint.

PRICE 75 Cents per bottle.

PRICKLY HEAT POWDER

An ideal dusting powder for Prickly Heat, Sunburn etc. Quickly removes the odour due to excessive perspiration.

PRICE 60 Cents per box.

MOSQUITO LOTION

Speedily stops the irritation caused by Mosquito bites, Jelly Bugs, etc., etc.

No Bathing Party complete without a supply.

PRICE 75 Cents per bottle.

QUEEN'S DISPENSARY,

CHANSO & CO., LTD. Tel 492 31, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.

Notices

SHOPPING MADE EASY.
THE STORE FOR EVERYONE
The Queen's Road Central Co.
AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.
UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS.

ONE OF OUR SPECIALTIES:
HIGH CLASS TAILORS & EXPERIENCED CUTTERS.
 Perfect Fit Guaranteed.

THE ONE PRICE STORE.

HIGH STANDARD OF QUALITY.
 CHEAPEST STORE IN THE EAST.

Queen's Road, Central: The Old Supreme Court. Telep one 1450

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EDISON'S LATEST INVENTION.

MOTION PICTURES. TALKING PICTURES.

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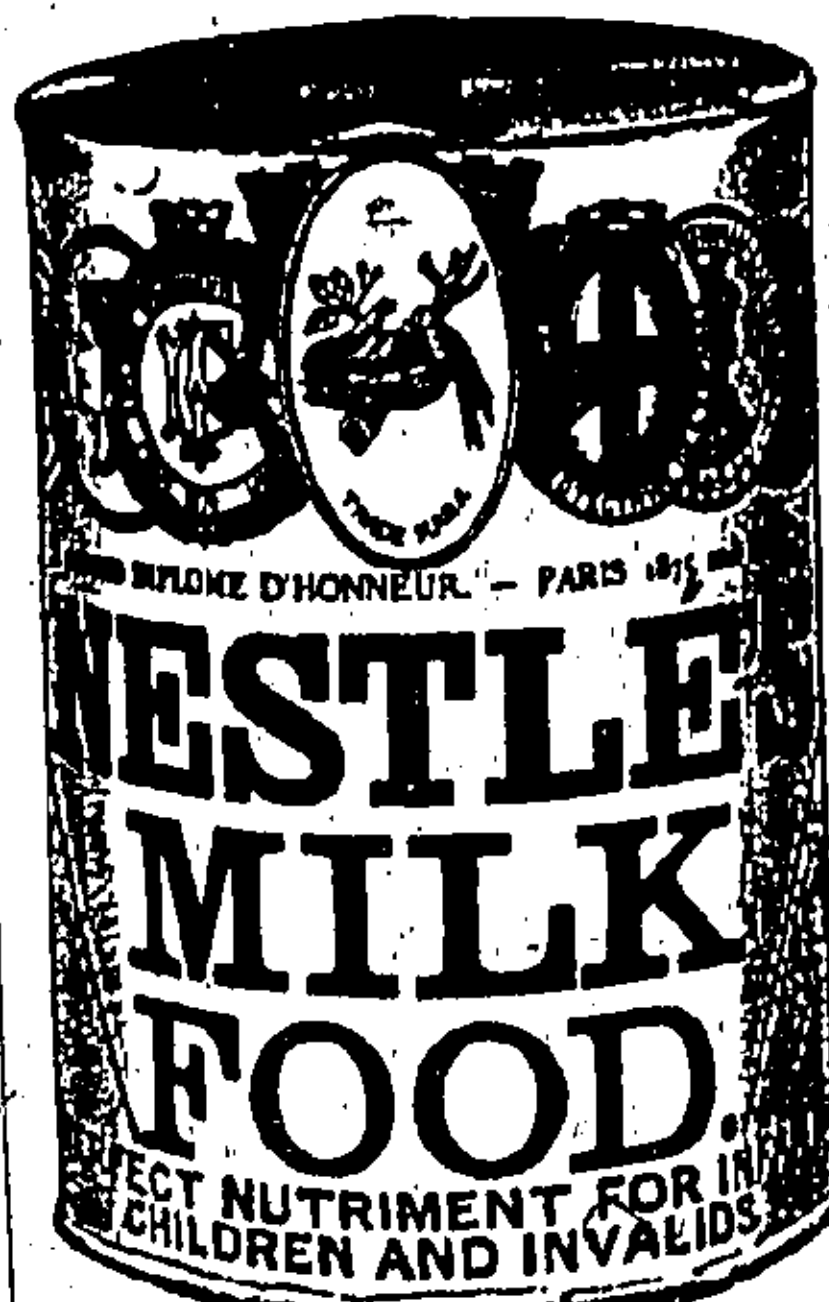
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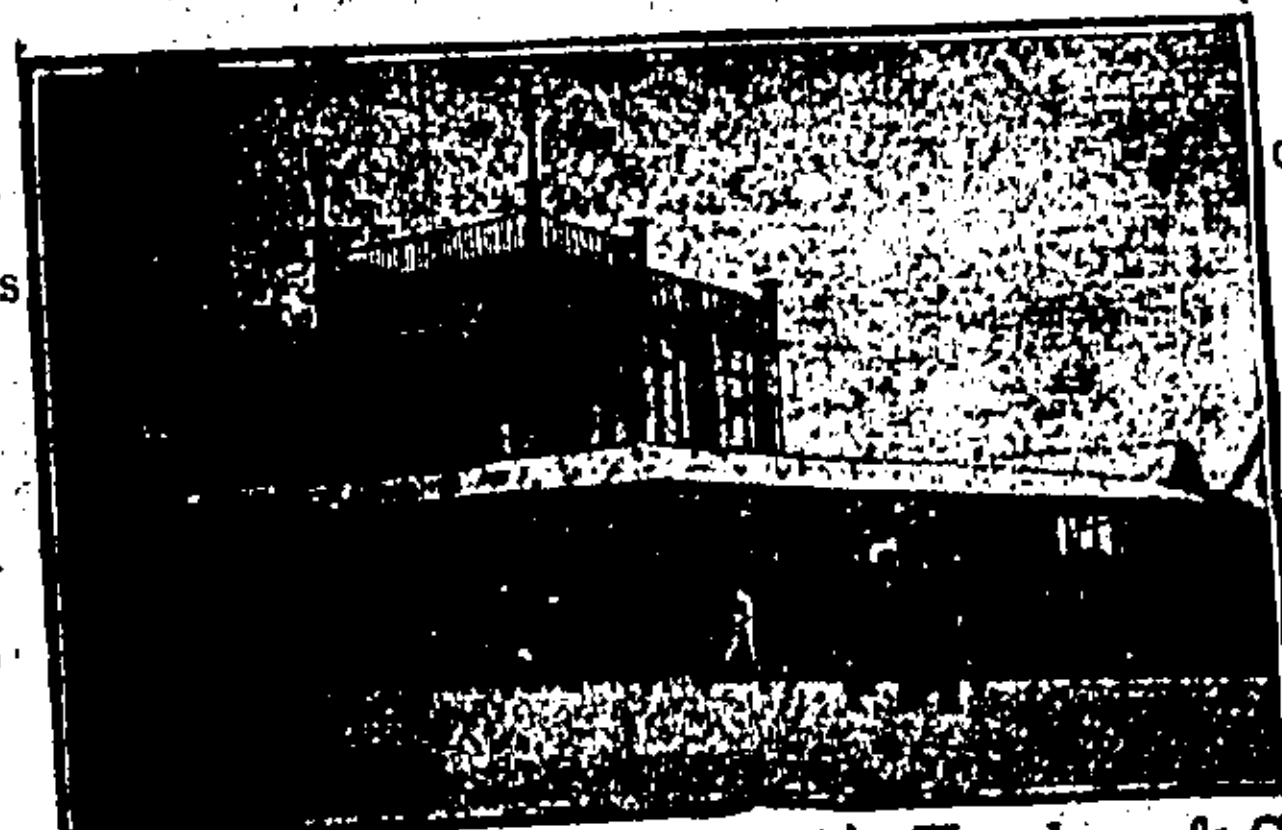
Two tiny baby girls were left at the door of the Italian Convent, having been deserted by their parents.

These little waifs were taken care of and have been fed on Nestle's Food, at the expense of the Company that manufactures this product. When these children were found at the door of the Convent, they were very thin and wasted, but under the influence of the strengthening and nourishing qualities of their diet, they are developing into strong and healthy girls, a living testimony to the splendid properties of

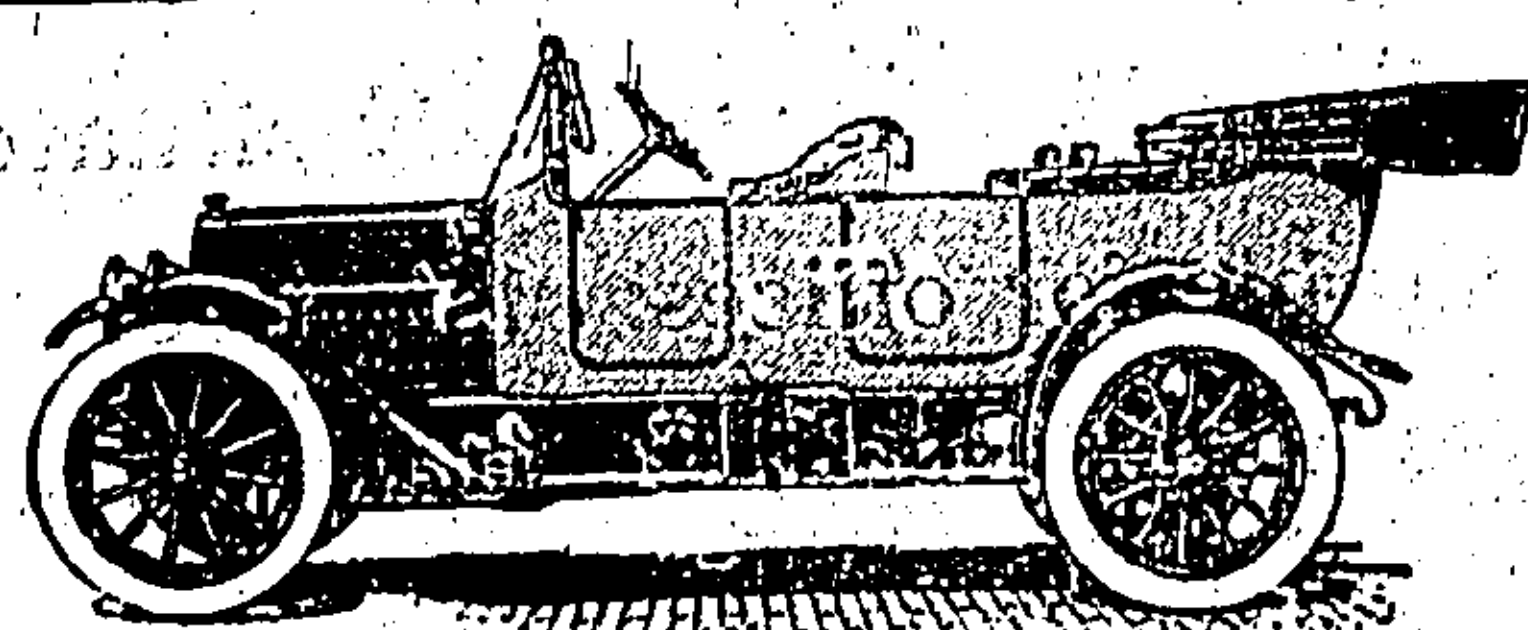


For sale at all Stores.
 If you have any difficulty in obtaining it, write to the Nestle & Anglo Swiss Condensed Milk Co. G.P.O. Building, Hongkong.

SOLIGNUM
 Is the best preservative of wood from decay, dry rot and vermin. It is easily applied, has great covering power, and in addition to its preserving properties makes a most artistic stain for all woodwork, whether inside or out.
MADE IN SEVERAL SHADES OF BROWN, GREEN & RED.
 The whole of the superstructure woodwork of the New Star Ferry Pier at Hongkong has been treated with "Solignum".



SIEMSEN & Co. (Machinery Dept.) Hongkong & Canton.



LAW & Studebaker No. 3 Duddell St.
SONS. Sole Agents.

Notices

THE EASTERN BAZAAR.

(W. ASSOUAL & CO.),

LATE OF 10 D'AQUILAR STREET, HAVE NOW REMOVED TO MORE COMMODIOUS PREMISES SITUATE AT NO. 35, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL. ADDITIONAL TURKISH SILKS WE HAVE OPENED UP AN ELEVENTH NEW LINE IN VARIOUS KINDS OF JEWELLERY.

BEAR BRAND MILK.

**NATURAL SWISS MILK
 STERILISED.**

This Milk once opened, keeps longer than ordinary Milk and can be used for any purpose for which ordinary Cows' Milk is generally used.

SOLE AGENTS.

F. BLACKHEAD & CO.,

ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING.

Tel. 66.

JUST ARRIVED.

Large Consignment Best Turkish Cigarettes,
M. C. C.

In Tins of 100, 50 and 20.

Cork Tipped, Gold Tipped and Plain.

TURCO-EGYPTIAN TOBACCO STORE.

CINEMA COMEDY.

Caused by Robins.

An English family of robins have now finally left their nest after witnessing, undismayed, more thrilling episodes than have probably ever before fallen to the lot of a well brought-up brood.

Their nest, composed of stray fragments of gaudily coloured theatrical garments, was situated in the glass-covered theatre of a large cinematograph film-producing company's works, and for weeks past the domestic life of the family has caused infinite trouble to the actors and actresses employed in portraying thrilling scenes for new films.

All about the nest the most alarming scenes have been enacted every day. Duels have been fought, bombs thrown, murders and robberies committed, but the young robins and their parents have not been in the least disturbed. They basked in the devastating glare of two great limelights and took cheerful trial flights from the nest while the hero was in the act of dying of grief in a dungeon to make a climax to some carefully rehearsed cinema play.

The robins were on familiar terms with everybody connected with the theatre, which it is at West Lodge, Ealing. Some of the amusing juvenile escapades of the birds were described to a Press representative by the proprietor, Mr Barker.

"We were all fond of the robin family," he said—"we couldn't help it—but I am thankful that they took their leave this morning, for they nearly brought work to a standstill on one or two occasions. They were the most hardened young ruffians I ever saw, and cared no more for a murder scene that they did for the heroine's suicide."

"On one occasion a desperate villain was supposed to be in the act of rifling a safe in the dead of night. Of course, the actual scene—even 'at dead of night'—is acted in a comparatively bright light for cinematograph purposes."

"All was going very well till somebody shouted: 'Mind the robins!' To my horror I saw two them making straight for my beautifully rehearsed midnight robbery scene with the evident intention of perching on the moon-lit safe. What was to be done? We crowded round, as we dared go without getting inside the cinematograph machine's range of vision. We hurried in suits at those robins—we shook our fists at them—we promised them some dainties if only they would leave us alone, and all the

time the unhappy actor was tip-toeing about with one hand to his ear, as much as to say: 'Hark! Am I alone?' All our efforts were in vain, however, for in flew the robins and sat on that moon-lit safe!"

PLAIN WORDS FOR JAPAN.

Californian Land Question.

London, May 29.—In an editorial on the California situation, the "Standard" advises Japan to deal with the question as a purely business matter, rather than to import into it sentiments of offended racial and national pride.

"As the allies of Japan and the firm friends of the United States, the British people would deem it a misfortune of the first magnitude if the negotiations left behind feelings of exasperation on either side," it says.

The Standard proceeds to show that the Occidental world is interested in the large aspects of the question raised by the California land law. In British Columbia no less than in California feeling against the settlement of Japanese and Chinese is strong. The Australian democracy has its own very decided views on the subject, even if the danger of a Japanese invasion is not great.

But, the paper adds, the precedent of unrestricted admission would be dangerous should awakening China demand the same privileges, because a Chinese is a most efficient machine, and has learned through a grim struggle for existence in his own overpopulated country the secret of subsisting on a minimum.

"These considerations," continues the paper, "should be borne in mind when the Japanese talk indignantly of the California attitude as an insult to their nation. The Japanese, if they have undergone a self-examination, must be conscious that race feeling plays no small part in their attitude toward the foreigner."

"The desire to take it out of the foreigner in matters of business is confined, to no one class in Japan. In no country are the judges and magistrates less inclined to show partiality and sometimes even bare justice to foreigners' claims. No people aim more successfully to squeeze out foreigners who are striving to make a living among them."

"It is unthinkable," says the "Standard," in conclusion, "that Great Britain could view with indifference any disposition on the part of her present allies to attack America. Between the people of the great republic and ourselves there are ties of blood and common interests which could under no circumstances be disregarded."

FAR EASTERN NAVAL SQUADRONS.

HIS BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S SHIPS ON THE CHINA STATION.

Name	Class	Tons	Guns	I.H.P.	Commander	Reported at
Alacrity	Despatch-boat	1,700	12	2,000	Comdr. A. Cochrane	Hongkong
Atlas	Admiralty tug	—	—	—	Master W. West	Hongkong
Bramble	Gunboat	710	2	900	Lt.-Com. D. E. Pritchard	Yangtze
Britomart	Gunboat	710	2	900	Lt.-Com. W. H. Darwell	Hongkong
Cadmus	British sloop	1,070	6	1,400	Comdr. H. Williams	Shanghai
Cherub	Water tank and tug	390	—	300	Master H. Smith	Hongkong
Clio	British sloop	1,070	6	1,400	Comdr. Mackenzie, D.S.O.	Penang
Fame	Torpedo-boat destroyer	330	8	5,700	Lt.-Com. Wilkinson	Hongkong
Flora	2nd class cruiser	4,350	10	7,000	Capt. C. F. Corbett M.V.O.	Weihaiwei
Hampshire	1st class cruiser	10,350	10	20,500	Capt. M. R. Hill	Weihaiwei
Kent	1st class cruiser	9,000	14	22,000	Capt. Allen T. Hunt C.S.I.	Weihaiwei
Kinaha	River gunboat	618	4	1,200	Lt.-Com. H. Marryatt	Yangtze
Merlin	Surveying ship	1,040	—	—	Capt. F. O. C. Pasco	Labuan
Minotaur	1st class cruiser	14,800	—	27,000	Capt. E. B. Kiddle	Weihaiwei
Monmouth	1st class cruiser	9,800	—	22,000	Capt. B. H. F. Bartlett	Weihaiwei
Moorhen	River gunboat	180	2	800	Lt.-Com. Alan Dixon	Hongkong
Newcastle	2nd class cruiser	4,800	12	22,000	Capt. Frederick A. Powlett	Shanghai
Nightingale	River gunboat	85	2	240	Lt.-Comdr. M. Murray	Yangtze
Otter	Torpedo-boat	385	6	6,300	Lt.-Com. R. W. Wilkinson	Hongkong
Ribble	Torpedo-boat destroyer	590	—	7,500	Lt.-Com. E. J. G. Mackinnon	Weihaiwei
Robin	River gunboat	85	2	240	Lt.-Comdr. Nash	West River
Rosario	Depotship for Submarines	980	—	1,400	Lt.-Comdr. N. E. Archdale	Canton
Sandpiper	River gunboat	85	2	240	Lt.-Com. I. S. Hutton	West River
Snake	River gunboat	85	2	240	Lt.-Com. Maurice Leslie	Yangtze
Taku	Torpedo boat destroyer	350	8	6,000	Gunner W. H. Ryder	Hongkong
Tamar	Receiving ship	4,850	6	—	Com. R. H. Anstruther O.M.G.	Hongkong
Teal	River gunboat	180	2	800	Lt.-Com. Hon. Guy Stopford	Yangtze
Thistle	Gunboat	710	2	900	Lt.-Com. H. R. N. Cotrell	Dormer Yangtze
Uak	Torpedo-boat destroyer	590	—	7,500	Lt.-Comdr. Maxwell	Weihaiwei
Virago	Torpedo-boat destroyer	355	6	6,300	Lt.-Com. H. D. Adair-Hall	Weihaiwei
Welland	Torpedo-boat destroyer	590	—	7,500	Com. Seymour	Weihaiwei
Whiting	Torpedo-boat destroyer	360	6	5,900	Lt.-Com. R. Neville	Weihaiwei
Widgeon	Gunboat	195	2	800	Lt.-Comdr. J. O. Borrett	Yangtze
Woodcock	Gunboat	150	2	500	Lt.-Com. M. B. Blackwood	Yangtze
Woodlark	Gunboat	150	2	500	Lt.-Comdr. Lloyd	Yangtze
C. 36,	—	—	—	—	Lt.-Com. McGillivie	Hongkong
C. 37,	—	—	—	—	Lt.-Com. J. Gaines	Hongkong
C. 38,	—	—	—	—	Lt.-Com. Pope	Hongkong
T.B. 035,	—	—	—	—	Lt.-Com. Handley	West River
T.B. 036,	—	—	—	—	Lt.-Com. Stileman	Hongkong
T.B. 037,	—	—	—	—	Lt.-Com. Nicol	Hongkong
T.B. 038,	—	—	—	—	Lt.-Com. H. W. Seymour	Hongkong

* Flagship of Admiral Jerram, K.O.B., C.V.O., C.M.G. Commander-in-Chief.

FOREIGN MEN-OF-WAR ON THE CHINA AND JAPAN STATION.

Kaiser Franz	Joseph I	Armoured cruiser	4,000	45	8,000	Capt. Hanta	Shanghai
Dupleix	**	Armoured cruiser	10,014	30	20,000	Capt. Vergos	Shanghai
Kleber		Armoured cruiser	9,700	12	19,000	Capt. Gours	Hongkong
Decidee		Gunboat	645	10	1,000	Lieut. Vandier	Shanghai
Argus		River gunboat	180	6	570	Lieut. Dordet	Canton
Vigilante		Gunboat	123	7	500	Lieut. de Jervillier	Canton
Peiho		Gunboat	130	—	—	Lieut. Collin	Tongku
Dondard de Lagree		Gunboat	—	—	—	Lieut. Dupuy Dutemps	Tobong-kin
* Flagship of Rear-Admiral Colloch de Kerillis, Commander-in-Chief, the French China Station							
Lynx		Submarine	—	—	—	Lieut. Bolux	Shanghai
Protes		Submarine	—	—	—	Lieut. Guillaume-Louis	Shanghai
Sty	*	Armoured gunboat	1,798	10	1,700	Lieut. Aurillac	Shanghai
Fronde		Destroyer	350	7	303	Capt. de Frigate Rouisen	Hongkong
d'Iberville		Destroyer	130	7	300	Comdr. de Marquessac	Shanghai
Pistolet		Destroyer	307	6	300	Com. Voisin	Shanghai
Mousquet		Surveying-ship	1,825	10	9,000	Com. Voisin	Shanghai
Manche		Surveying-ship	1,825	10	9,000	Com. Voisin	Shanghai
* Flagship of Commdre Bouicaut, Commanding the local defence Indo-China.							
Emden		Cruiser	3,600	22	13,500	Capt. v. Muller	Tsingtau
Gneisenau		Armoured cruiser	11,600	36	28,000	Captain Brueninghaus	Tsingtau
Itis		Gunboat	900	12	1,300	Comdr. v. Gohren	Canton
Jaguar		Gunboat	900	12	1,300	Comdr. Luring	Shanghai
Leipzig		Cruiser	3,250	24	11,000	Capt. Haun	Tsingtau
Luchs		Gunboat	900	10	1,350	Comdr. Thierichen	Hankow
Nurnburg		Cruiser	3,400	22	13,200	Capt. Morsberger	Tsingtau
Otter		River gunboat	—	—	—	Capt. Lieut. Fille	Yangtze
Scharnhorst		Flagship	11,000	36	28,000	Capt. Bosing	Tsingtau
S. 90		Torpedo-boat	400	8	6,500	Capt. Lt. Brunner	Tsingtau
Taku		Torpedo-boat	280	4	6,000	Obt. z. S. v. Maubengo	Tsingtau
Tiger		Gunboat	900	10	1,350	Capt. Lt. v. Moller	Canton
Tsingtau		River gunboat	223	4	1,300	Obt. z. S. Dressler	Yangtze
Vaterland		River gunboat	223	4	500	Obt. z. S. Dressler	Yangtze
Adamastor		Cruiser	1,757	—	—	Capt. Annibal de S. Dias	Hongkong
Macao		Gunboat	—	—	—	Capt. Martins	Macao
Patria		Gunboat	700	—	—	Capt. Luiz A. de Magalhães Correa Mota	Macao

UNITED STATES VESSELS ATTACHED TO ASIATIC STATION.

A-2	Submarine	—	—	—	Ensign G. Bradford	Cavite
A-4	"	—	—	—	Ensign W. H. Pastley	"
A-6	"	—	—	—	Ensign H. L. Rahel Daffey	"
A-7	"	—	—	—	Ensign O. M. Yates	"
Albany	Protected cruiser	3,430	10	7,500	Commander M. L. Bristol	Cruising
Bainbridge	Torpedo-boat des.	420	7	8,000	Lieut. R. A. Spruance	Cavite
Barry	Torpedo-boat des.	420	7	8,000	Lieut. O. S. Keller	"
Callao	Gunboat	243	8	250	Ensign W. L. Heiberg	Canton
Chauncey	Torpedo-boat destroyer	420	7	8,000	Ensign Woodson	Cavite
Cincinnati	Protected cruiser	3,183	11	10,000	Com. J. V. Chase	Cruising
Dale	Torpedo-boat destroyer	420	7	8,000	Ensign F. T. Barry	Cavite
Decatur	Torpedo-boat destroyer	420	7	8,000	Ensign F. Cogswell	"
Elcano	Gunboat	620	4	600	Lt. Com. V. S. Gannon	Shanghai
Helena	Gunboat	1,392	8	1,988	Com. G. R. Marvell	Shanghai
Mohican	Station ship	1,900	6	1,100	Lieut. V. R. Lowe	Cavite
Monadnock	Monitor	3,990	6	3,000	Lieut. W. C. Cole	Olongapo
Monterey	Monitor	4,084	4	5,277	Com. W. C. Cole	"
Pampanga	Gunboat	243	8	—	Ensign P. J. Peyton	Cavite
Piscataqua	Sea going tug	854	2	1,000	Lieut. S. W. Wallace	Canton
Pompey	Repair ship	3,085	—	—	Com. O. W. Cole	Cavite
Quincy	Gunboat	350	2	208	Ensign O. St. A. Rotford	Shanghai
Rainbow	Cruiser	4,360	14	1,800	Lt. Com. D. W. Whitcomb	Shanghai
Samar	Gunboat	243	8	250	Lieut. G. O. Dickman	Shanghai
Saratoga	Cruiser	8,115	14	17,401	Commander H. A. Wiley	Shanghai
Villalobos	Gunboat	370	9	208	Lieut. E. Durr	Shanghai
Wilmington	Gunboat	1,292	8	1,894	Commander J. F. Hubbard	Hongkong
Wompatuck	Tug	402	—	650	Chief B. Wain, B. O. Halliwell	Olongapo

* U.S.S. Saratoga Flagship Rear-Admiral R. F. Nicholson, Commander-in-Chief, United States Asiatic Fleet, temporarily.

THE INDIAN ARMY.

By "Times" Military Correspondent.

When Field-Marshal Lord Nicholson was called in to preside over the Committee appointed by the Government of India, his colleagues were Sir William Meyer, now Finance Member of Council; Lieutenant-General Sir Percy Lake, Chief of the General Staff in India; and Lieutenant-General Sir Robert Seillon, commanding the Burma Division. The Committee were instructed by their terms of reference:—First, to carry out a comprehensive survey of the various circumstances requiring the use of military force which may arise out of the external or internal situation in India under the conditions which now exist or may probably arise during the next few years. Secondly, to consider and report on the numbers and constitution of the armed forces which should be maintained in India to meet these obligations. Thirdly, to consider and report whether any and, if so, what measures for the reduction of military expenditure are compatible with the efficient maintenance of that force.

The inquiry thus covered a wide field, and it is known that the labours of the Committee have been assiduous and prolonged. But it has also been known for some time past that a division of opinion has taken place within the Committee. Lord Nicholson and Sir William Meyer have signed what must be called by courtesy a majority report, because the distinguished Field-Marshal has given the invidious advantage of a casting vote. But Sir Percy Lake and Sir Robert Seillon are credited with having taken strong exception to many of the proposals made by their colleagues, and will doubtless draft a minority report.

White Officers.

It is inexpedient to attempt to forecast the opinions of Lord Nicholson and his colleagues, but in view of the known division of opinion in the Committee a few remarks may be offered upon three subjects, which are much discussed among soldiers and will probably bulk largely in the Committee's reports. These three subjects are first, the question of white officers in the Indian Army; secondly, that of peace establishments and reserves; and thirdly, the general question of the completion of the Kitchener scheme.

Lord Kitchener recommended that there should be 15 British officers with each cavalry regiment and battalion of infantry of the Indian Army. According to Colonel Serly there was in December, 1912, a deficiency of 575 officers in the Indian Army on mobilization, against which might be set 198 reserve, retired, and unemployed officers whose services might be available. Such statistics give no warrant for any reduction of numbers.

A favourite expedient of economists is the increase of the Reserve at the expense of peace establishments. In considering this question we must bear in mind that not all the principles of modern military organization are applicable to India. It is our object in the West to provide in the Reserve, the largest possible number of trained men. In India our object is almost the reverse, and no measure could be more imprudent than one which would fill the country with large numbers of Reservists trained to arms. To carry on for six months of war, given the peace establishments of to-day, we require about 50,000 Reservists for the Indian Army, and if peace establishments are reduced these numbers must be augmented, and it would not be prudent to augment them. Actually the Reserve is only about 30,000. We cannot create an Army on Western lines in India under present conditions, and there is no help for it until the active loyalty of the majority of the people is assured.

The long and short of it is that the Army in India has to fight practically on its peace establishment, which must consequently be high.

The Kitchener Scheme.

The outstanding criticism of the Government of India and of

Cabinet at home is that they have failed to complete a scheme which in principle they accepted. The manifest duty of the Government of India is to complete the nine field divisions of the original plan, and until this is done, the Government of India and the Cabinet at home will have failed in a duty which they owe to the country and to posterity.

It may very likely be the case that internal defence may require more troops to-day than those provided by the normal scale established in Lord Kitchener's day. But this possibility was taken into account when the nine divisions were proposed, and it was always contemplated that in case of serious disturbances one or two divisions might be allotted to their suppression. It is easier for the Government of India to handle troops as they please, if these troops are completely found and ready to be moved in any direction, than if they are staid of transport and medical provision on the pretext that they are allotted to garrison work and need not be ready to take the field.

The failure to complete the Kitchener scheme is a dereliction of Imperial duty, for the despatch of troops from India has taken place on many occasions, and the less that India can do in this sense in future the greater the potential strain upon our forces at home and upon those of the Dominions. Thus, from all points of view, the prompt completion of the Kitchener scheme is a cardinal duty of Anglo-Indian statesmanship; and not only the Nicholson report, but the action of the Government of India and of the Cabinet at home, will be judged by success or failure to complete a scheme fully accepted by all political parties and cordially endorsed by public opinion.

Only on one important point, adds the "Times" in a leading article, do we differ from our Correspondent's summary of the situation. Following the popular view, he speaks of "the favourable financial" position of India. We can only accept that statement with considerable reservations, for we fear the roseate Budgets of recent years have very nearly ended. The great opium revenue has almost vanished, and the growth in railway profits and in Customs will not entirely make it good. Bounteous harvests may not continue, for every Indian Budget is "a gamble in rain." The Government of India are pouring out money with both hands upon education, upon sanitation and upon a new capital; and they have done so without sufficient heed to the urgent needs of defence. However excellent these aims are, the safety of India should have come first.

OPERATORS ON STRIKE.

How the Korea got two Wireless Men Aboard.

Speaking of the last trip of the Korea from San Francisco, an American contemporary says:—Two new wireless operators were placed on board the Korea just before she pulled out of the slip. In order to avoid the striking operators, who have made it a custom to appear at sailings, the new men were brought to the pier in an automobile and got on board without any demonstration. Officials of the Marconi Company state that they have plenty of capable operators and are not worrying about those on strike.

A LOYAL CANADIAN.

Addressing a meeting at Montmagny, Mr. Lavergne, one of the Canadian Nationalist leaders, said that the defeat of the Navy Bill in the Senate was the culmination of five years' effort on the part of the Nationalists. Now there could be no navy unless the people were consulted. There must be either a plebiscite or a general election, and he preferred an election. He said that Canada owed nothing to England, and if England had the prerogative to settle the foreign affairs of Canada, she had the national prerogative of safe-guarding her autonomy. He said that he had advised Mr. Pelletier, the Postmaster-General, to carry the opposition to the Borden Naval Aid Bill to the point of civil war if necessary.

MORGAN ART COLLECTION.

Insurance Amounts to \$40,000,000 Gold.

New York, May 28.—Although the precise value of the Morgan art collection at the Metropolitan Museum was not obtainable to-day it was learned that it had been insured by Mr. J. P. Morgan as ex-ante of his father's will for \$20,000,000 gold.

Agents of the Morgan estate have been trying throughout the world for additional insurance without success, and have now come to the conclusion that they have obtained about all the insurance possible.

Mr. J. P. Morgan never insured his art objects or seemed to see any necessity for doing so. The \$20,000,000 thus obtained in insurance, however, does not cover the total insurance on the art collections left by Mr. Morgan. An additional \$10,000,000 of insurance has been obtained on the art collection in Mr. Morgan's private gallery on Thirty-sixth street.

Another \$10,000,000 of insurance has been obtained by Morgan as trustee on the art collection in his father's London house at Princess Gate. This would bring the total of insurance so far obtained on the chief Morgan art collections up to \$40,000,000 gold.

The final disposition of the collection is not known. Mr. Edward Robinson, director of the museum, declared, as Mr. J. P. Morgan, son of the deceased, has not reached a decision on this point. It was stated, however, that Mr. Morgan does not purpose to break up the collections into small exhibits. Eventually, it is expected, the exhibit in its entirety will find a home in another and larger wing of the museum, now building.

SHAVING THE HEAD AND INSANITY.

An allegation that a woman was driven insane through her hair being cut close to the head at the Hackney Infirmary was referred to by the Deputy Coroner at an inquest at Hackney on Sophia Harriet Marsh, aged 55 years, the wife of a cigar maker. The husband said that the deceased had for some weeks been slightly wandering in her head, and at last it was decided to have her removed to the infirmary, which was done on Whit Tuesday. On the 18th she became violent and had to be removed to the mental ward, where she died on the 22nd. When he saw her she complained of her treatment by the nurses. She had been a drinker for years, and lately had greatly neglected herself. He never heard that she was to have her head shaved.

The Coroner: Do you think it had any effect on her?—I certainly do; it was, in my opinion, the cause of her being removed to the mental ward. I knew nothing of it until afterwards.

A son said he had seen the deceased every day since she was put on the dangerous list, and she always complained about the nurses.

The Coroner: Do you think the cutting off of her hair had anything to do with her mental condition? Have you that opinion?—I have. She was a very sensitive woman. I think the cutting of her hair drove her mad. I certainly think it was the cause of her having to be removed to the mental ward.

Dr. Brander, medical superintendent of the infirmary, said the deceased was in a very neglected state when admitted, and the doctor who had charge of the case ordered the hair to be removed, which was done in the ordinary humane fashion by the barber. Death, in his opinion, was due to chronic kidney disease and uræmia. His opinion was that the cutting of the hair had nothing to do with her violent mental state.

The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the medical evidence.

Heat at Bisle.

The heat at Bisle reduced the average of the scores on 24th ult., but 102 out of a possible 105 was recorded by Mr. C. J. F. Irvine, from Tientsin, an ex-member of the Queen's Westminster Rifles.

MARKET PRICES.

Hongkong, June 26, 1913.

BUTCHER MEAT.

Meat	Price
Beef Sirloin & Prime Out, — Mei Lung Pa	1b. 18
" Corned, — Ham Ngau Yuk	18
" Roast, — Shiu	18
" Breast, — Nagu Lam	12
" Soup, — Tong Yuk	15
" Steak, — Ngau Yuk Pa	18
" do. — Sirloin Cotom — Ngau Lau	28
" Sausages, — Ngau Chaug	20
Bullock's Brains, — Know	per set 10
" Tongue fresh, — Ngau Li	each 45
" Corned, — Ham Ngau Li	55
" Head, — Ngau Tan	60
" Heart, — Ngau Sum	12
" Hump, Salt, — Ngau Kin	15
" Feet, — Ngau Kask	8
" Kidneys, — Ngau Yi	9
" Tail, — Ngau Mei	18
" Liver, — Ngau Kon	1b. 12
" Tripe (undressed), — Ngau To	6
Calves' Head & Feet, — Ngau-chai-tau-kark	set \$1
Mutton Chop, — Yeung Pei Kwat	1b. 25
" Leg, — Yeung Pei	25
" Shoulder, — Yeung Shau	22
Pigs Chitlings, — Chu Ohong	27
" Brains, — Chu Know	per set 2
" Feet, — Chu Kark	1b. 12
" Fry, — Chu Ohak	30
" Head, — Chu Tau	18
" Heart, — Chu Sum	each 10
" Kidneys, — Chu Yiu	8
" Liver, — Chu Con	1b. 24
Pork, Chop, — Chu Pai Kwat	23
" Corned, — Ham Chu Yuk	27
" Leg, — Chu Pa	24
" Fat or Lard, — Chu Yu	24
Sheep Head and Feet, — Yeung Tau Kark	set 65
" Heart, — Yeung Sum	each 7
" Kidneys, — Yeung Yiu	9
" Liver, — Yeung Con	1b. 25
Sucking Pigs, To Order — Chu Cha	22
Suet, Beef — Sang Ngau Yau	18
" Mutton, — Sang Yeung Yau	25
" Veal, — Ngau Chai Yuk	18
" Sausages, — Ngau Chai Chaug	26

POULTRY.

Poultry	Price
Chicken, — Kai Chai	1b. 32
Capon, Large, Small, — Sin Kai	32
Ducks, — Ap	24
Doves, — Pan Kau	each 20
Eggs, Hen, — Kai Tan	per doz 20
Fowls, Canton, — Kai	1b. 36
" Hainan, — Hoi Nam Kai	32
Geese, — Ngoi	24
Geese, Wild, — Shang-ho Yea Ngoi	24
Mus Deer, — Wong Keng	each 1
Hare, Shanghai, — Fu Chai	1
Partridge, — Che Khoo	1
Pheasant, — Shan Kai	pair 3
Pigeons, Canton, — Pak Kup	each 32
" Hoihow, — Hoi How Pak Kup	24
Quail, — Um Chun	dozen 22
Rice Birds, — Wo Fa Cheul	each 22
Snipe, — Se Ohoy	1b. 55
Turkeys, Cook, — Phor Kai Kung	55
" Hen, — Na	55
Wild Ducks, — Shang-hoi Sui Ap	1
Teal, — Sui Ap Chai	1
Wild Ducks Canton, — Sang-Shing Sui Ap	1

FISH.

Fish	Price
Barbel, — Ka Yu	1b. 24
Bream, — Bin Yu	20
Canton Fresh Water Fish, — Hoi Sin Yu	17
Carp, — Li Yu	17
Catfish, — Chik Yu	10
Codfish, — Mun Yu	16
Croaker, — Hai	16
Cuttle Fish, — Muk Yu	14
Dab, — Sa Mang Yu	14
Dace, — Wong Mei Lan	10
Dog Fish, — Tit Ta Sa	11
Eels, Congor, — Hoi Mann	15
" Fresh water, — Tam Sin Yu	1
Eels, Yellow, — Wong Sin	28
Frogs, — Tien Kai	32
Gardons, — Sek Pan	55
Gudgeon, — Pak Kup Yu	14
Herrings, — Tao Pak	22
Halibut, — Ohsung Kwan Kup	22
Labrus, — Wong Fa Yu	22
Loach, — Wu Yu	28
Lobsters, — Lung Ha	40
Mackerel, — Chi Yu	24
Monk Fish, — Mong Yu	20
Mullet, — Chai Yu	18
Oysters, — Sang Hoo	18
Parrotfish, — Kai Kung Yu	16
Perch, — Tau Loo	15
Pike, — Fa Paw Poong	20
Plaice, — Pan Yu	32
Pomfret, Black, — Pak Ohong	28
Pomfret, White, — Pak Ohong	48
Prawns, — Ming Ha	8
Ray, — Pai Pa Sa	10
Rock Fish, — Sek Ka Kung	10
Sole, — Chun Yu	10

肉食

Meat	Price
Salmon, — Ma Yan Y	1b. 34
Shark, — Sa Yu	8
Skate, — Po Yu	26
Shrimps, — Ha	22
Snapper, — Lap Yu	22
Soles, — Tat Sa Yu	18
Tench, — Wan Yu	20
Turbot, — Cho How Yu	55
Turtles, small, fresh water, — Kork Yu	1
White Bait, — Ngau Yu Chai	1

FRUITS.

Fruits	Price
Almonds, — Hung Yau	1b. 30
Apples (California), — Kam San Ping Kho	30
" (Ohefoo), — Tin Chun Ping Kho	20
" Small, — Hoi Tong	each 1
" Custard, — Fan Lai Chi	each 1
Bananas, fragrant, Canton, — San Shing Heung Chiu	1b. 3
" (brides), Macao, — San Hing Chiu	4
Chestnuts, Chinese, — Foong Lut	14
Carambola, — Yeung Tue	10
Cocoanuts, — Yeh Tse	each 10
Lemons, China, — Ning Moong	1b. 8
" America, — Kum San Ning Moon	12
Lichees Dried, — Lai Chi, small Stone	12
" Fresh	15
Limes, (Saigon), — Sai Kung Ning Moong	each 1
Mango, Manila, — Lui Sung Moong	15
Mangosteens, — San Chuk Tse	doz 1
Oranges, (Canton), — San-shing Tim Ching	1b. 1
" Sweet	12
Pears, (American), — Kam San Shoo Lay	70
" (Canton), Cooking, — Sa Lay	12
Peanuts, — Fa Sang	12
Persimmons Large, — Hung Chie	1
Pine-apples, 1st quality, — Poon Ti Paw Law	each 1
" 2nd	1
Plantain, — Tai Chou	1b. 3
Plums, — Swatow, Hung Lai	8
Pumelo, Siam, — Ohim Lo Yau	each 25
" Shanghai, — Lo Kwat	1b. 15
Walnuts, — Hop Tuo	1b. 15
" Green, — Sang Hop Tuo	1
Water Melon, — (Am.) Kom San Sai Kwa	each 1
" (China) Sai Kwa	1b. 1
Grapes, — Sang Po Tai Tse	1b. 1

VEGETABLES, &c.

Vegetables	Price
Artichokes, Shanghai, — Sheung-hoi Ah Chi	1b. 1
Beans, (French), Macao, — Oh Moou Pin Tau	15
" (French) Shanghai, — Sheung Hai Pin	1
" Sprout, — Ah Oh	6
" Long, — Tau Ko	10
Beet Root, — Lung Choi Tan	each 6
Brinjals, Green, — Ching Yuen	6
" Red, — Hung Kai	12
Cabbage, Chinese, coin, — Kai Choy	12
Cabbage Red, — Hung Yea Choy	12
Cabbage, Shanghai, — Yeh Chai	12
Cane Shoots, bunch, — Kau Shun	1b. 1
Cauliflower, Large size, — Tai Yeh Cho Fa	each 1
" Medium size, — Cheung Yeh Cho Fa	6
" Small size, — Sai Yen Chai Fa	10
Carrots, — Kam Sham	1b. 10
Celery, Chinese, — Tong Kan Chai	1
" English, — Yeung Kan Chai	6
Chillies Dried, — Gon Lat Chiu	25
" Red, — Hung Far Chiu	18
" Green, — Ching Lat Chiu	10
Curry Stuff, English, — Kar Lee Chai Liu	6
Cucumbers, — Ching Kwa	12
Bitter Squash, — Fu Kwa	8
Garlic, — Que Tan	6
Ginger, young, — San Tse Keung	12
" old, — Lo Keung	15
Horse Radish, Shanghai, — Lik Kan	15
Indian Corn, — Suk Mai	each 5
Lettuce, — Yeung Sang Chai	1b. 1
Water Cress, — Ma Tai	1b. 8
" Mandarin, — Kwai Lam Ma Tai	30
Mushrooms, Fresh, — Sang Cho Koo	each 12
Mush Melon, Amer. — Kam-san Hong Kwa	1b. 10
Okra, — Kwa	8
Onions Bombay, — Yeung Chong Tau	6
" Green, — Sang Chong	10
" Shanghai, — Shang-hoi Chong Tau	10
Papeya, 1st qual, — Tai Man Sau Kwa	each 10
" 2nd	8
Parley, — Kun Cho	8
Green Peas, — Ching Tan	1b. 8
Potatoes, Sweet, — Fan Shu	3
" Shanghai, — Shang-hoi Shu Tse	1
" Japan, — Yut Poon Shu Tse	8
" American, — Fa Ki Shu Tse	3
" Foochow, — Foo-chow Shu Tse	3
Pumpkin, — Tong Kwa	4
Radish, — Hung Lo Pak Tse	10
Rhubarb (Fresh), — Tai Wong	8
Sage, — Tse So	4
Shallots, — Gon Ching Tau	4
Spinach, — Yin Chai	6
Tomatoes, — Fan Ker	6
Taro, — Wu Tan	5
Turnip, — Panti, (Long), — Lo Pak	13
" English, — Yeung Lo Pak	8
Vegetable Marrow, — Chit Kwa	1
" (American), — Kam-san Chit Kwa	15
Water Cress, — Sai Young Cho	10
" Lily root, — Lin Ngau	10
Yams, — Fa Shu	6

The prices necessarily vary from day to day and the Sanitary Board has no power to compel stallholders to sell at the prices quoted.

W. BOWEN-BOWLANDS

Secretary, Sanitary Board.

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BIRTHS.

KALE.—On Friday, June 20, 1913, at 39A Wei-hai-wei Road, Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. E. Kale, a daughter.

SLEAP.—On June 22, 1913, at 73 Route de Say Zong, Shanghai, the wife of S. A. Sleaf, a son.

DEATH.

CLAYSON.—On March 31, 1913, at the residence of his father-in-law, Captain William Gore Annesley, R.E., Eastleigh, Farnham, Surrey, Frederick Clayson, Deputy Commissioner of the Chinese Maritime Customs Service, aged fifty-four. Deeply regretted. R.I.P.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1913.

FARM LABOURERS ON STRIKE.

There are days of strikes and rumours of strikes, and for that reason it is no matter for wonderment that a section of the farm labourers at Home have laid down their implements. It is none the less a serious question, for these men of the soil perform a very necessary work so far as the production of the food supply is concerned. We are apt to overlook this most important point, but it has been strikingly demonstrated in the present case in Lancashire by the fact that within a single day of the cessation of labour the prices of necessary commodities, for the production of which we rely on the agricultural labourer, advanced to six times the normal figure. This is the consequence of a strike which is confined to only a portion of one county; what the results would be were a general strike declared, it is less terrifying to imagine than it would be to experience. Happily there appears no prospect of this latter contingency being realised, though it is well to bear in mind that the strike habit, like all other habits, grows the more it is encouraged. And we may be sure that plenty of agitators will appear on the scene to play upon the feelings of Hodge and his fellows.

It may, indeed, be taken for granted that agitators are at the bottom of the Lancashire strike, for the farm labourer as a rule is a contented and happy man. His wage may not be a princely one—though, all things taken into consideration, he is generally well off in this respect—but his life runs on pleasant lines, and he is happily free from the grind, the bustle and the nerve-breaking conditions of life in the cities. Moreover, his expenses are practically nil. Left alone, he would doubtless live his care-free, healthy life out in the open fields without murmurings or discontent. But it so happens that in the essentially rural constituencies, his vote counts for much; and thus it is that politicians of all parties clamour for Hodge's support at the polls, tell him how much better his lot might be, trot out no end of fanciful promises, and generally make him dissatisfied with his lot. There will doubtless be much more of this sort of thing when Mr. Lloyd George launches out on his wonderful land campaign. The matter of wages is pertinent in considering this question, and it is of interest to note that investigations show that the rate of pay is highest in counties in which other industries compete for labour with the offer of good money, and lowest where there is no competing industry. The question, in fact, seems to be simply one of demand and supply.

It may be well, in concluding, to note the average weekly earnings of farm labourers in the United Kingdom in the last year for which detailed figures are available, namely 1907. In England, according to the Board of Trade returns, the figure was 18s. 4d., in Wales 18s., in Scotland 19s. 7d., and in Ireland 11s. 3d. These may, to those unacquainted with the facts, appear miserably inadequate wages for men with wives and families, but it has to be borne in mind that in addition to their weekly wage these labourers have "all found," enjoy quite a few privileges peculiar to their calling and many are able to put by quite a respectable sum every year in the savings bank. They may have their little grievances, but on the whole their lot is one which is paradise compared with that of many an under-paid and over-worked city clerk. One day they may realise it.

Everybody Pleased.

It is amusing to read from this morning's telegram that all the Home papers are pleased with the result of the Leicester election. "The Liberal press professes that the Conservatives are outraged over their failure to capture the seat and sow discord among the Labourites." This sort of thing is so like the Radical papers. If the Conservatives are chagrined, they were a good deal more credulous than we have ever given them credit for being. The utmost that they could hope to do—and of this they must have been perfectly well aware—was to create such a reduction in the Radical majority as would show Mr. Asquith and his henchmen what even the one-time supporters of his party think about Radical muddling, mismanagement and jobbery. This they have succeeded in doing, for the Liberal majority has been lowered by some three thousand, and the Conservative roll increased by over seventeen hundred. Therefore Conservative papers may also well be pleased. And over the Unionists' wishing to sow discord among the Labourites, the Radical papers need not excite themselves; the Labour Party may be relied upon to squabble quite sufficiently with itself, without any help from outsiders.

Praying for Parliament.

There is a good deal in what Professor Schaffer, (of British Association and artificial creation fame) said at a public dinner the other night, on the subject of prayers for Parliament and for China. "He could imagine the Celestial smiling in his sleeve. For hundreds of years he had been praying for our High Court of Parliament, but those prayers had not been very effective." We suggested, when prayers for China's Parliament were first mooted, that English people had enough to do to pray for their own—provided it were not already past praying for; and we still stick to our opinion. But prayer without performance—faith without works—is notoriously futile. If to their prayers the British public would add a little determination and united effort, the present Parliament might soon be sent about its business, and one substituted that was really worth praying for.

PLAINTIFF NON-SUITED.

A money loan association case came before Mr. Justice Kemp the Paines Judge, this morning at the Summary Court, when Tam Yu Shi, a married woman, sued two widows, Lam Pat and Ah Chan Yu Koo to recover \$375, being the amount for five shares in the "Daily money loan association" advanced by the plaintiff to the defendants as heads of the association between January 1 and 31, 1913.

The plaintiff appeared in person and Mr. J. H. Gardiner for the defence.

The defence was that the association was an illegal one, and that neither of the defendants were heads of the association.

His Lordship without calling on evidence for the defence, nonsuited the plaintiff with leave to bring a fresh action.

SANITARY BOARD.

A meeting of the Sanitary Board is to be held on Wednesday, at 3.45 p.m.

Mr. F. B. L. Bowley, pursuant to notice, will ask—

i. With reference to the letter from the Honourable Colonial Secretary to the Secretary of the Sanitary Board of the 30th May (5 in 90/13) was the Governor-in-Council aware of the unanimous refusal of the Board to grant the application of the owner of Inland Lot 1355 under Section 162 of the Public Health and Buildings Ordinance, 1903 to 1911? ii. If yes, will the Head of the Sanitary Department ask the Clerk of Councils under what authority and on what grounds the Governor-in-Council, ignoring the unanimous decision of the Board, and without further reference to the Board, purported to grant a permission under section 162, which appears in the absence of the concurrence of the Board to be illegal and void?

DAY BY DAY.

"Experience is the best of schoolmasters, only the school fees are heavy."—Oarley.

The Malls.

Siberian Mail.—Despatched per s.s. Chonan at midnight on Saturday.

American Mail.—Arrived per s.s. Armand Behic (ex Shinyo Maru) this morning.

French Mail.—Arrived per s.s. Ernest Simons this morning.

Siberian Mail.—Closes per s.s. Ernest Simons at 5 p.m. to-day.

American Mail.—Closes per s.s. Persia at 11 a.m. to-morrow.

French Mail.—Closes per s.s. Armand Behic at noon to-morrow.

American Mail.—Closes per s.s. Sado Maru at noon to-morrow.

Artists Arrive.

Misses Mouton and Ryan, who are to appear at the Victoria Theatre, arrived in the Colony this morning and are staying at the Astor House Hotel.

For Consigners.

Consignees of cargo by the s.s. Indraghiri are reminded that goods remaining undelivered after to-morrow will be subject to storage charges.

Kailan Mining Administration.

The total output of the Kailan Mining Administration's mines for the week ending 14th June, amounted to 31,588 tons and the sales during the period, to 33,175.81 tons.

Ammunition Possession.

A fine of \$25 was imposed on a man charged before Mr. Melborne, at the Police Court, this morning with being in unlawful possession of 93 rounds of ammunition on the s.s. Shun Lee.

Cattle Punished.

Mr. Hazeland, at the Police Court, this morning had a ricksha coolie employed by Miss Ada Mary Pitt, of St. Stephens House, Bowen Road, \$7 fine default, fourteen days, for refusing to perform his duties.

Cautioned.

At the Police Court this morning, before Mr. Melbourne, Sergeant Cockle charged two Chinese with being in possession of a live shell, some springs, tools and other articles, supposed to be for the purpose of making cartridges. They were discharged with a caution.

Bijou Theatre.

One was glad to see the efforts of the new management of the Bijou Theatre, to provide a good class entertainment, so well appreciated last night. There was a full house and the excellent programme was well appreciated. The dancing of Miss Chinita Zerega was again most beautiful and fascinating, especially her Mendelssohn's Spring Song scene. So far as we are aware, Miss Zerega is the only dancer Hongkong has ever seen who takes dancing as a really serious art; and those who have not been to witness her performance should do so at once. The films were decidedly good, especially the coloured picture-play, "Zaza," which in itself is an evening's entertainment.

O LORD, HOW LONG?

We drew attention in Saturday's "Telegraph" to the kindness of those who are responsible for the naming of our streets, in leaving a scaffold in Des Vaux Road for the convenience of any burglar who may be looking for a job, and may feel inclined to explore the Hongkong Hotel. We notice that it is still there. Thieves out of employment kindly take note. This thief-inviting scaffold has now been in its present position since last Sunday week. To plaster twelve enamel letters on a wall might be one of the labours of Hercules. Even the British workman in his most casual mood—the mood wherein he brings a ladder one day, fetches it away on the second, stays away on the third, and calls for an "advance" on the fourth day—could not cap this. Is it a fact that vulgar people who want a simile for "slow" no longer say "as slow as the wrath of God," but "as slow as Hongkong street-namers"?

PUBLIC BATHING PLACES.

How the Situation now Stands in Hongkong.

[Special Article].

Already two months of Hongkong's bathing season have gone by, and people are beginning to wonder whether the Government ever intends carrying out its promises to provide public bathing places for those who cannot afford the luxury of regular launch parties. If, up to the present, expectations have not been realised, it is not for want of "pegging away" by the "Telegraph". More than a year ago a leading article in its columns dealt at length with the urgency of the matter, and since that time special articles have appeared on May 5 and May 13 this year, commenting on various developments of the scheme. In the second of these articles some details were given of a scheme which the Hongkong Tramway Company had conceived, and by which the Company proposed erecting groups of bathing tents on the beaches, making a small charge for their use, and running trams to the bathing ground. This scheme was approved by the writer of the article, always assuming that it was made complementary to that which the Government had promised to put in hand and for which a sum of \$2,000 was voted in this year's Estimates. That attitude was taken up because of the necessity of bearing in mind the primary object of the whole thing—to provide free bathing for those who desired it.

It is satisfactory to know that the demand so frequently voiced by the "Telegraph" is being met in some small degree, though not by the Government. With out waiting any further on the Government, the Tramway Company has erected a number of tents on the foreshore at the eastern end of the city, near the cable house. Seven of these tents were placed in position for the first time on Saturday evening, and by to-night the number will be increased to a dozen. These are of excellent design, and for the use of them a charge of twenty cents is made, with a time limit of one hour. It is intended to reserve certain tents exclusively for Europeans, but these will be in no particular different from the other tents; they will simply be set apart in a distinctive group. Incidentally it may be mentioned that the special trams which run from the Post Office to Quarry Point in the evenings will take intending bathers to the ground. The enterprise of the Tramway Company in taking up the matter of its own accord must be recognised, and for those who cannot make it convenient to catch a launch at the time they generally leave Blake Pier, and who do not object to incurring the charges involved, the scheme should meet a distinct need.

What is to be strongly urged, however, is that the Government should at once proceed with its own long-promised scheme. Only by this, can the class for whom the public bathing places were intended enjoy the felicity of surf-bathing without fee or charge. The money has been voted, and the Government has undertaken to clear the foreshore of rocks and stones and to erect a shed for the convenience of those using the beaches. Why does it not hasten to fulfil its promises? The shed, it appears, has been designed; but the Government does not even quite know as yet where the site for its erection is to be. All that is known is that the Government intends going forward with the scheme—some time.

It is worth a passing comment that originally the idea of Mr. Osborne, who is really the father of the whole plan, was that there should be two public bathing places—one at each extremity of the city, and the Government undertook to carry out this proposal. That is proved by the vote in Estimates, which is for the provision of "Public Bathing Places". The plural form is to be noted. Now the idea has dwindled down to one bathing ground, and even that exists up to the present in the imagination only.

MR. SUNG'S FUNERAL.

An Imposing Ceremony.

The funeral rites of the late Mr. Sung Chiao-jen, the victim of the Railway Station tragedy, took place on June 28, as stated in our wire of that date, the remains of the deceased, being laid to rest in a tomb in Chapel.

Since the murder the body of Mr. Sung has lain in the Huanan Guild, near St. Catherine's Bridge, says the "North China Daily News". Shortly after 8 a.m. the procession was marshalled into order on the roads close to St. Catherine's Bridge. First of all came two soldiers bearing the Chinese flag, following whom was a squad of mounted troops. After them marched infantry units, members of the Chinese local volunteers, and students. Some of the latter might be described as approximating to a cadet corps, but the procession included a number of very young school-boys. Next in order to one of the volunteer companies came members of the Chinese Women's Association, about a dozen in number. Then came a chair lavishly decorated with flowers, in which reposed an excellent photograph of the deceased, while a little further behind was a similar chair, borne by coolies, which contained a garment the deceased had worn on the fatal night and which still bore the blood stain.

The hearse itself was drawn by four horses, draped in white, while from the vehicle two long bands of black cloth were carried away in front by a large concourse of the late Mr. Sung's political supporters. The hearse was lavishly decorated with flowers and leaves, and above it waved the Chinese flag.

Following the hearse at the start were between fifty and sixty private carriages, all containing mourners, but by the time the procession reached its destination this number must have been more than doubled.

Large matchsticks were erected over and around the brick work tomb, a piece of masonry rising some twelve feet from the ground. In front of it was an extemporized altar, on which were candles and joss-sticks as well as the usual sacrificial offerings of fruits and baked meats. With due solemnity the coffin was taken from the hearse and lowered into the tomb, and the photograph of the deceased was placed just behind the altar. At this point the different companies of soldiers and volunteers marched up to the altar and saluting the portrait, withdrew. This was the principal ceremony at the graveside. No priest officiated, although both a Japanese and a Chinese were present.

Among those who attended at the interment were Mr. Tang Shao-vi, Dr. Wang Chang-hui, Dr. Giltart Reid, General Mesny, Mr. Y. C. Tong, Mr. Chung Mung-lee, Mr. Wang Yi-ting, Chairman of the Nantao Chamber of Commerce, and Mr. Yeh Wei-ching, chief of the City volunteers. The attendance at this stage of the proceedings was enormous, and its calibre may be judged from the fact that along the narrow road on the way back to Shanghai the carriages waiting for the conclusion of the ceremony stretched out for about half a mile.

It is reported that 115,000 will be spent on the burial ground. It is intended to convert it into a garden, and close to the tomb will be a bronze statue of Mr. Sung. At the same time there is a proposal to set up a library and a lecture hall.

EXPLANATION

ACCEPTED.

Failed to Respond to a Juror Call

This morning Mr. Hans Ludwig Beyer of Messrs. Reiss & Co. was summoned before the Paines Judge, Mr. Justice Kemp, to explain why he failed to respond to an order calling upon him to act as a juror at the last Criminal Sessions.

Mr. Beyer explained that the summons was left at his office with a junior clerk on the Saturday previous to the Sessions at a time when he was away from the office. This man forgot to give it to him on the Monday morning and he went away to Canton on business.

The explanation was accepted.

GODOWN FIRE.

Enormous Blaze at Pootung.

As stated in our telegram of Thursday, a disastrous fire occurred at Pootung on June 28, by which one of the large godowns in the compound of Messrs. MacKenzie and Co., opposite the Dand, was destroyed.

About 5.15 p.m. fire was seen to have broken out in the central godown of three comparatively new buildings, facing the wharf, says the "North China Daily News". The three were stored with Tanchow cotton and the central one is said to have contained from 2,500 to 3,000 bales.

The alarm was given, and among the first helpers to arrive on the scene were sailors from H.M.S. Newcastle. Several boat loads were sent across very rapidly, and before the fire had long been in progress some 200 Newcastle men were at work on the spot. Landing parties also came from the U.S.S. Albany and Rainbow, and from the cruisers Holland and Leipzig. There were also some Japanese.

Working in gangs, the sailors quickly cleared a large stock of cotton from the ground floor of burning godown.

By this time the various companies of the Shanghai Fire Brigade, and the River Police, and later men of the French Concession and Customs Brigades, were at work with hose. It was obvious from the first that little or nothing could be done to save the building, and attention was concentrated on saving the surrounding godowns. Those on either side had valuable cargo stored in them, and there were numerous buildings at the rear within the danger zone. While the bluejackets were dragging out bale after bale of cotton, the walls of the burning building and the godowns adjoining were being saturated with water.

Within an hour the interior of the central godown from the first floor upwards was a roaring mass of fire. There was no danger of explosion, none of the bales being press-packed, and the work of the firemen was made easier from the fact that very little burning material was lifted by the wind on to other buildings, although at one moment, when the breeze was particularly strong, a huge piece of timber was lifted in the air, only to fall back again into the furnace, which the interior of the building very adequately represented by this time.

With the complete destruction of the roof some danger to firemen and sailors arose through the scattering of lengths of corrugated iron sheeting. These were peeling off like ribbons and were blown red hot from the roof. Several gangs of workers only narrowly escaped these dangerous showers, and a Chinese was unfortunate enough to be caught by a piece which came twisting down with the wind and finally landed on his head and back. He was very badly burned and had to have his injuries dressed by a naval ambulance man. Meanwhile the sailors continued clearing cotton from the eastern godown, and the firemen were on the roof directing streams of water into burning building.

About half past seven the western wall of the godown collapsed. Two or three firemen were walking between the buildings at the time, and it was fortunate for them that the wall fell inward; otherwise they could not possibly have escaped. Gradually the flames died down and by about nine o'clock there was just a glow across the river.

The damage is estimated at over a lakh.

ARMOUR PLATE?

British Guns for Russia.

The concession for the establishment of the new gun factory in Russia by Messrs. Vickers (Ltd.) will be sanctioned by the Czar on his return from his Imperial tour, and on order given for guns for Dreadnoughts pending the construction of the factory. Messrs. Vickers undertake to construct the factory within two years.

THE CHINA MERCHANTS' CO.

Election of Directors.

On Sunday, June 22, reports the Chinese Press, a meeting of shareholders of the China Merchants' S. N. Co. was held at Cheung Shue's Gardens, Shanghai. About 1,000 persons attended, representing holders of over 31,000 shares, and entitled to cast some 27,000 votes.

Reports had been floating for some time past that troubles were pending. The directors, feeling some apprehension of a disagreement at the meeting, as negotiations with the new company had broken off, called in the assistance of the police who sent some foreign and Chinese detectives to the meeting.

Mr. Wang Tsung-shan presided, owing to the absence of Dr. Wu Ting-fang and Mr. Ying Shi-chi. Mr. Wang read the notice calling the meeting and the report on last year's working, which showed a good result, generally, and enabled the Company to pay a dividend of 7½ per cent. on the capital for the year. Next, he submitted a proposal, signed by General Li Cheng-wu and nineteen other shareholders, to re-constitute the Board of Directors on the model of that of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha. This proposal was to elect a Board of nine directors, who should nominate from amongst themselves two men who were senior in their standing in the Company and respected by them all, to be President and Vice-President, and three others who were specially conversant with shipping, management, and general affairs, each to take charge of one of these three departments, while the remaining four directors should only attend Board meetings. In passing resolutions at such Board meetings, a majority of the nine directors would decide matters. All the officers under the different departments would be appointed by their respective chiefs, or directors, in special charge thereof.

Upon this motion being put to the meeting, it was unanimously passed. Then a reference to the breaking off of negotiations with the new company, which was to purchase the property of the old company, was made. The claim by the former for compensation for the losses it had sustained during the year of negotiations was submitted to the meeting, but it was rejected.

Trouble over Accounts. The election of directors was then proposed, the Chairman pointing out that it would be desirable to retain three of the old directors. Mr. Shih Tai-yin declared himself unwilling to continue to serve as director.

When Mr. Shih Lu-sung had explained the accounts for the 38th period, a certain person of the Wuchin district mounted the platform and addressed the shareholders. On account of his language becoming too abusive, the order of the meeting was disturbed by a number of persons standing up and calling upon him to stop. Another man got up and upset the table on the platform. A scene followed and amidst the confusion the police intervened by taking the man who had upset the table to the station, where he was subsequently released. The abusive speaker meanwhile had slipped away unobserved.

When order was restored, the Chairman re-opened the meeting by asking the shareholders to vote for directors. Of the old Board, the three directors polling most votes were Messrs Yang Shi-chi, Wang Tsung-shan and Chow Chin-cheng, who were declared re-elected.

The next in order were Dr. Wu Ting-fang, Messrs Chen Ko-yang and Wen Tsung-yao. The six directors elected were Messrs Sheng Huan-huan, Tang Fung-chi, Cheng Tao-chai, Fu Siao-an, Shih Lu-sung, and Chen Fai-ting. The auditors elected were Messrs Ku Yung-chuan and Chang Chi-sung.

Going Home.

Lieut. Nankivell, of H.M.S. Olio, has just passed through Penang on his way home. During his stay there he has been engaged in making a survey of the Pari River bar.

STABBING AFFRAY.

Serious Quarrel between Coolies at Kennedy Town.

Two coolies, the agents of pig dealers, had a quarrel in the Kennedy Town slaughter-house on Sunday morning in the course of which both were stabbed. One was seriously wounded and the other not expected to live and at 1.30 p.m. yesterday Mr. Hazeland took his depositions.

It appears that after one man had stabbed the other, the wounded man took the knife from him as he went and in turn stabbed him. Both men became exhausted and fell to the ground, bleeding profusely. They were both taken to the hospital by the police. The man less seriously injured has been charged with cutting and wounding, but he is still in hospital and unable to appear before the Court.

AN IMPOSING FUNERAL

The death occurred on Friday of Mrs. Wei Wah Lan, wife of one of Hongkong's best known compradors and sister-in-law of the Hon. Mr. Wei Yuk, C.M.G. The funeral, which took place yesterday afternoon, was one of the longest and most imposing processions seen recently in the Colony.

SHAKESPEAREAN RECITALS

Mr. Marshall Derrach's Methods Explained.

Those who had the pleasure of hearing Mr. Marshall Derrach's presentation of "The Merchant of Venice" in Hongkong some three years ago are doubtless looking forward to his recital of Shakespeare's "The Tempest" at the Peak Hotel tonight, at 9.15 p.m. The recital is to be given under the patronage of His Excellency the Governor and it will doubtless prove a great treat. Mr. Derrach's method of presenting Shakespeare's plays is to recite the main parts of the drama, impersonating the different characters as they appear, by changes of voice, facial expression, attitude, gait, gesture and emotion. He never refers to a book or manuscript upon the platform, and his fidelity to the Shakespearean text is absolute. Between the scenes he gives a few explanatory sentences which make clear the entire plot, and the drama. While the interpretation is based upon a careful and scholarly study of Shakespeare, its principal value is that it presents and intensifies the dramatic and psychological significance of the characters and of the play as a whole, a result which cannot be achieved by a closely analytical lecture.

Speaking to a "Telegraph" representative in regard to the play with which he is to deal tonight Mr. Derrach said:—"A point of considerable interest to Shakespearean scholars in this play, and one that has seldom, if ever, been pointed out in any essay on the subject of the play, is the fact that that peculiar character, Caliban—half-beast, half-man—is an origination of the poet's the only character in all his plays which he originated."

"Of Julius Caesar, Henry the Eighth, Portia, Shylock and others he had models which he found in real life, history or fiction; but it cannot be denied that there was no model for this character of Caliban, and naturally a greater display of grotesque impersonation is demanded than in any other of his characters."

"The character of Caliban," said Mr. Derrach, "may be summarised in one sentence—Caliban is a supernatural creature, half-beast, half-man, with the soul of a poet and the philosophy of an anarchist."

"As a direct contrast to the character of Ferdinand, the lover; Miranda, the young unsophisticated girl; and Prospero, the man who has lived and yet has not lost sympathy with life. All these characters I shall essay. That may seem impossible," remarked Mr. Derrach, but "after 16 years' experience, the fact that I still get a hearing is evidence that my method is successful."

CANADA'S NAVAL POLICY.

Interesting Statement by Canadian Minister.

An interesting gentleman has arrived in Hongkong in the person of the Hon. Mr. George Foster, Minister for Trade and Commerce for Canada. The Hon. Mr. Foster, who has been attending the Dominion Royal Commission which has been sitting in Australia, had been there for about three months and is returning to Canada via China and Japan, making at the same time hurried trips in both countries.

"My stay in Hongkong," he said, "will be a short one as I am taking the Canadian Pacific steamer on Wednesday for Shanghai. From there I expect to go to Hankow and Peking and thence round through the north to Korea and then to Japan."

The distinguished visitor who looks very well after his long trip said—"The commission was appointed by Great Britain and consists of eleven members, six from the United Kingdom and five representatives from the overseas self-governing dominions. The objects of the commission are to make examinations of the present and future developments of trade between the different parts of the countries represented by the commission, and also between these countries and foreign countries, with a view to recommending measures for the removal of present hindrances to trade and its development and, if possible, for the encouragement of its further development in these countries in the future."

Speaking of the time taken by the commission, the Hon. Mr. Foster said that it was expected that the report would be available for the Imperial Commission which will sit in 1915. It was by a resolution of the Imperial Commission, he said, that existence was given to the Dominion Royal Commission. It had already sat in the United Kingdom, New Zealand, and Australia, and they were next going to South Africa and then to Newfoundland and Canada. Then the report would be made. Investigations were made into the conditions of trade and the information passed to each country was gone into.

"So that the report may be a means of indicating any reform in tariffs that might be necessary?" was a query which drew the answer—"The report will be a source of information from which decisions can be made and upon which legislation can be founded, although it is no function of the commission to report as to tariffs or in any way to recommend one or the other."

The hon. gentleman was, when first addressed on the subject of the naval policy of Canadian Government, somewhat reluctant to speak because, as justly pointed out, he had not been able to follow the latest developments in the matter, being at sea for such a time. However, he made an important statement which will enable our reader more fully to understand the brief cables that come to the colony on the subject.

"The difference between the two parties, the Government and Opposition," he said, "is rather in the details of what is to be done to assist in the naval programme of the Empire, than as to the principle itself. The Government propose to build in Great Britain under Admiralty supervision three of the finest fighting machines afloat, and to place them at the disposal of the British Admiralty until such time as a permanent policy is wrought out between the Overseas Dominions and the United Kingdom. If, then, that policy provides for the development of naval construction in the Overseas Dominions themselves, the Dreadnoughts can be taken to form an essential part of that permanent force."

"It is a principle upon which the Government policy is founded that whatever is done, either by the proposed method, or by construction in Canada itself, the force so created shall be at the absolute disposal of the Imperial authorities in time of war without question by the Dominions as to whether the war is advisable or not. Our view is that we are part of the Empire and must take its for tunes, good or bad, and that, if

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we depend on the existence of the Empire, our aid should be given to the Empire whenever needed."

BAIL REDUCED

Voluntarily Put up \$5000.

At the Police Court this morning before Mr. C. D. Melbourne, Fung Chi Wan, 35, described as a clerk of 13 Queen Victoria Street, was charged with having 1,000 ounces of opium in his possession on Saturday.

Mr. R. O. Hutchinson, Superintendent of Imports and Exports, prosecuted and Mr. F. C. Jenkins, instructed by Mr. F. X. D'Almeida, defended.

Mr. Jenkins said he would like an adjournment. With regard to bail the maximum penalty was \$2,000, but the defendant voluntarily put up \$5,000. He applied for reduction of the bail to the amount of the maximum penalty.

Mr. Hutchinson said there were other charges which would have to be added. He had been conferring with the Crown Solicitor who suggested that a date should be fixed for the application for the reduction of bail.

Mr. Melbourne said the only question was whether the defendant would appear.

Mr. Jenkins said there was no doubt that the defendant would appear. He had put up \$5,000 bail voluntarily. It was rather a foolhardy thing to do, but it showed his bona fides.

The case was remanded for a week, bail in \$2,000 being allowed.

DIVINE SARAH'S FIFTH FAREWELL.

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt, tired but mentally youthful as ever, took her fifth "farewell" of America last month and left in the Lorraine. The famous actress completed her latest engagement by attending a dinner given in her honour by her theatrical admirers, and held an informal reception on board the vessel before sailing. Mme. Bernhardt expressed the hope that she would have the pleasure of bidding farewell to America many times in the future.

TAIPINGSHAN COLLAPSE.

Inquiry Fixed for Wednesday.

The inquiry into the house collapse at Upper Station Street, Taipingshan, has been fixed for Wednesday at 2-15, at the Police Court. Mr. Hazeland will preside.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per s.s. Haiyang, arrived 29th inst., from Foochow, &c.:—Brownlie, Mas-Solvald ter Vogel, Rev. Pearce.

Per s.s. Luchow, arrived 30th inst., from Shanghai:—Blake, Woo, Gillan, Capt. Wang, Hunter.

Per s.s. Armand Bohic, arrived 30th inst., from Kobe, &c.:—Zario, Miss Nyhmoto, Atson, Oliver, Miss Atson, Wm. Robb, Anderson, Ranty, E. Besnik, Raris, Christoperson, Sunocks, S. Eayma, Sugenois, Ete Lui-sing, Takinots, S. Mr. & Mrs. Takenoki, Ffendi, S. Takaschi, Futkins, Mr and Uldrup, F.G. Mrs. Wasaki, T. Forrest, Wakayama, Koyama, Wakefield, Lee Long-sim, Capt. Morimoto, H. Weires, Van Med. Yamaskito, Nunam.

To-day's Advertisements.

G. R. NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified that, on and after the 1st July, a constant supply of water will be turned on in the Rider Main Districts with the exception of certain areas in which the rider mains, which were disconnected during the recent shortage of water, have not yet been re-connected with the principal mains. It is anticipated that the re-connection of all the rider mains with the principal mains will be completed not later than the 7th July.

W. CHATHAM, Water Authority.

Public Works Department. Hongkong, 30th June, 1913.

TO LET.

TO LET—Drawing Room suites and single rooms to let at "BERYL" Station Hotel Annex, Kowloon. Separate bathroom, tennis court and separate entrance.—Apply Station Hotel, Kowloon.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

Something Good.

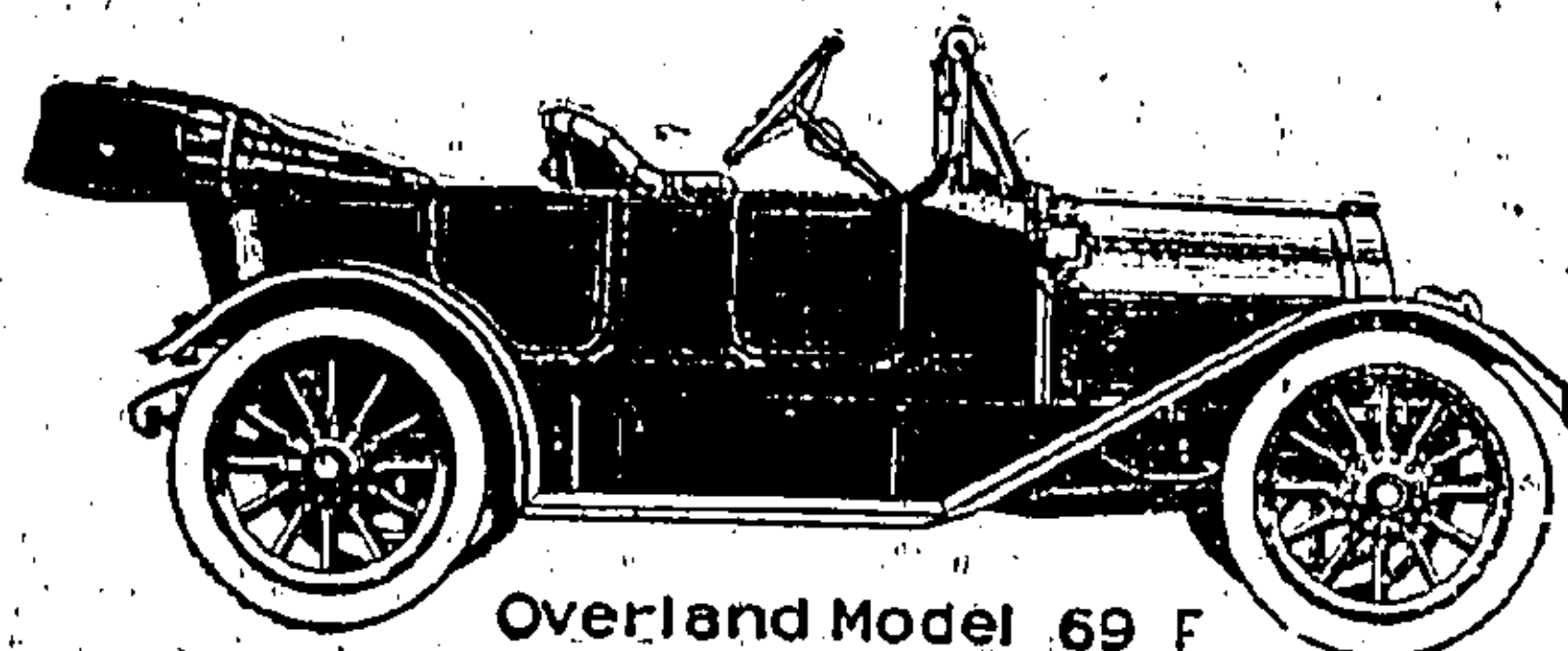
HAVE YOU TRIED OUR

Farmer's Sugar Cured Bacon?

IT IS PRONOUNCED BY ALL WHO HAVE TRIED TO BE ABSOLUTELY THE BEST IN THE COLONY

Prove It For Yourself.

WE HAVE TRIED IT AND CAN RECOMMEND IT. SLICED BY A PATENT SLICING MACHINE IN RASHERS OF ANY THICKNESS, EXACTLY AS WANTED.



Overland Model 69 F

10 OVERLANDS WILL ARRIVE SHORTLY. Sole Agents.

DRAGON CYCLE DEPOT.

(Prospective Buyers can try this Car free of charge.)

DRESSING JACKETS

IN SILK AND COTTON

VARIOUS DESIGNS AND COLOURS.

MEHTA & CO.

SILK MERCHANTS.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDINGS.

EVERYONE INTENDING TO FURNISH EITHER A SINGLE ROOM OR AN ENTIRE HOUSE AND WHO WISHES TO OBTAIN:

BEAUTY OF DESIGN

AND

SOUND CONSTRUCTION

SHOULD AT ONCE COMMUNICATE WITH

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

CABINETMAKERS AND UPHOLSTERERS



"KING GEORGE IV" Scotch Whisky

Its world-wide popularity is due to its mature ripeness, soft refinement, and exquisite flavour.

One of the principal brands of

THE DISTILLERS COMPANY LIMITED, Largest Scotch Whisky Distillers in the World, EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND.

SOLE AGENTS,

GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.

Tel. No. 135

6, Queen's Road, Central

Hongkong

Shipping

INDO-CHINA STEAM
NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

(Projected Sailings from Hongkong.—Subject to Alteration.)

For Steamship On
 SHANGHAI HANGSANG! Wed., 2nd July, at daylight.
 MANILA LOONGSANG! Saturday, 5th July, at 2 p.m.
 SANDAKAN MAUSANG! Saturday, 5th July, at daylight.
 SPORE, Penang & Ceylon. FOOHSANG! Tues., 8th July, at 2 p.m.
 YHAMA, Kobe & Moji FOOHSANG! Thurs., 10th July, at noon.
 MANILA YUENSANG! Sat., 12th July, at 2 p.m.

RETURN TOURS TO JAPAN (Occupying 24 days).
 The steamers "Kutsang," "Namsang," and "Fooksang," leave about every 3 weeks for Shanghai and Japan returning via Kobe (Inland Sea) and Moji to Hongkong. Time occupied 20 days. This service is supplemented by the "Laisang" and "Kumsang" leaving Hongkong at regular intervals for Yokohama, Kobe and Moji and returning thence direct to Hongkong. Time occupied 16 days.

The steamers "Choyang," "Kwongang," and "Hongsang" will call at Swatow on their way down from Shanghai.

These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

A duly qualified surgeon is also carried.
 Steamers have superior accommodation for First-class Passengers, and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.
 Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Yangtze Ports, Chefoo, Tientsin, Dainy, Weihaiwei, Tsingtau.

For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LD.
 Telephone No. 215. General Managers.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM
PACKET COMPANYPROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.
Subject to change without Notice.

"Shire" Line Service.—Homeward.

For Steamship Date of Sailing.
 LONDON & ANTWERP FLINTSHIRE About 15th July.
 LONDON, HULL/LEITH & ROTTERDAM MONMOUTHSHIRE 3rd August

New Trans-Pacific "Shire" & "Glen" Joint Service.

Vancouver, Seattle, Tacoma & Portland VESTALIA About 30th June.
 Vancouver, Seattle, Tacoma & Portland DEN OF RUTHVEN 27th July.

Cargo accepted on through Bills of Lading to all ports in Europe and North and South America.

For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LD.
 AGENTS.

BRITISH INDIA S. N.
CO., LTD.NEW SERVICE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN
YOKOHAMA, KOBE, HONGKONG AND RANGOON.

WESTWARD.
 The S.S. "ITOLA," 5257 tons gross, Capt. W. W. Tucker, will be despatched for SINGAPORE, PENANG & RANGOON on the 9th July at daylight taking cargo and passengers at current rates.

EASTWARD.
 The S.S. "VADALA," 3334 tons gross, Capt. C. G. Cocklin, will be despatched for YOKOHAMA, KOBE & MOJI on the 7th July at noon, taking cargo at current rates.

For Freight and Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
 AGENTS.
 Telephone No. 215.
 Hongkong, 30th June, 1913.

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD
& ENGINEERING CO. OF
HONGKONG, Ltd.
TAIKOO DOCKYARD,
HONGKONG.SHIPBUILDERS, SALVORS & REPAIRERS, BOILERMAKERS,
FORGEWRIGHTS, BRASS & IRON FOUNDERS, CON-
STRUCTIONAL, ELECTRICAL & MECHANICAL
ENGINEERS.

WELDING & CUTTING OF METALS BY OXY-ACETYLENE
AND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS.
 Estimates given for quick construction and repair of Ships,
 Engines, Boilers, Railway Rolling Stock, Bridges, and all Classes of
 Engineering, Iron and Wood Work.

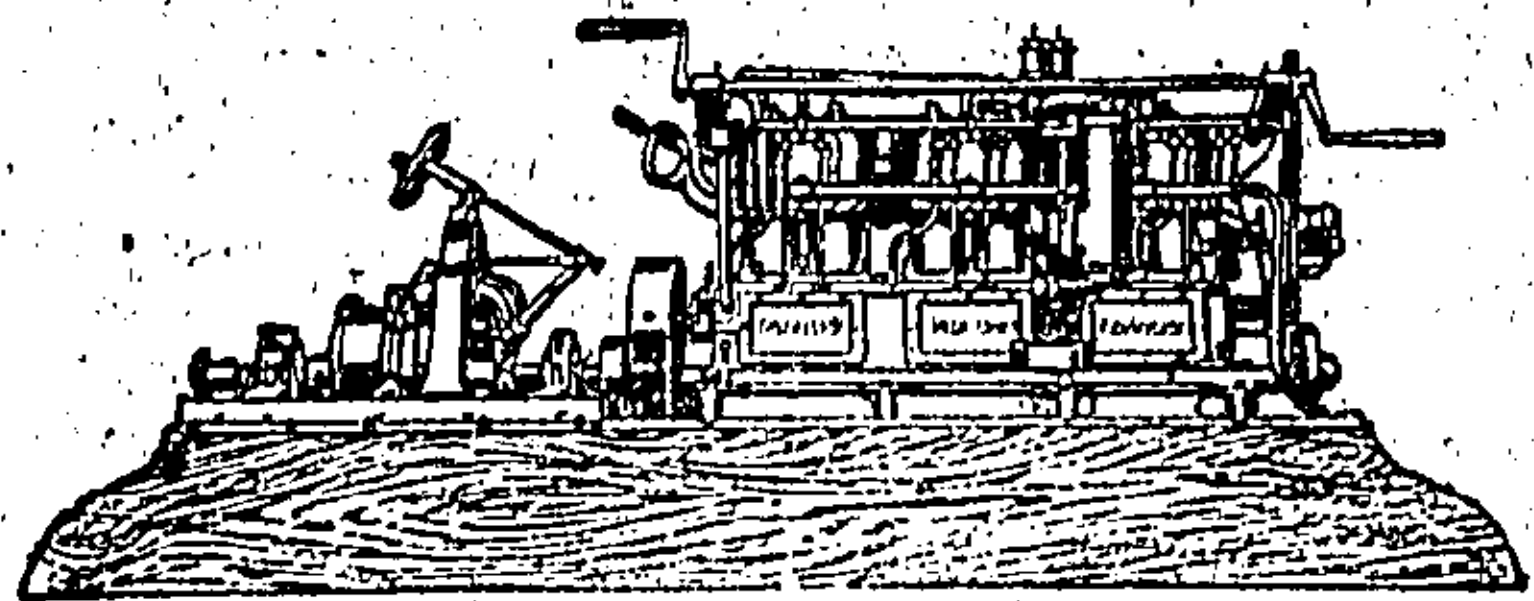
GRAVING DOCK 78' x 88' x 34'
Pumps empty Dock in 2-3/4 hours.

THREE PATENT SLIPWAYS taking vessels up to 3,000 tons
 displacement, providing conditions for painting ships with most
 efficient results.

100-Ton ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVER-
 HEAD CRANES throughout the Shops, ranging up to 100 Tons.
 50-Ton Hydraulic TESTING MACHINE for Chains, Wire Ropes,
 Rivets, etc.

AGENTS for—
 JOHN I. THORNYCROFT & CO., LTD.
 PETROL & KEROSENE MARINE MOTORS 7-1/2 to
 150 B.H.P.

As supplied to the British Admiralty & War Office.



Oil type Motor and Reverse Gear.
 B.H.P. Paraffin 70, Petrol 80.

MOTOR VESSELS, LIGHT DRAFT CARRIERS, GUN-
 BOATS, LAUNCHES, HOUSEBOATS AND PLEASURE
 CRAFT OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
 MOTOR PUMPING & LIGHTING SETS, MOTOR
 VEHICLES, etc.

Dockyard Manager, Mr. J. REID, can be seen between the hours of
 11 a.m. and 12 noon at the Town Office.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

HONGKONG, CHINA & JAPAN, AGENTS.

Telegraphic Address: "TAIKOODOCK"

TELEPHONE No. 122.

VESSELS TAKING CARGO.

European Ports.

Destination.	Vessel's Name.	For Freight Apply To	To be Dispatched.
London and Antwerp	Flintshire	J. M. & Co.	15 July
do do	Monmouthshire	J. M. & Co.	3 August
Havre, London & Antwerp	Glenstrae	S. T. & Co.	18 July about
Marseilles &c.	Armand Behic	M. M. Co.	1 July
do do	Atlantique	M. M. Co.	15 July
Marseilles, Havre and Hamburg	Ernest Simons	M. M. Co.	29 July
Rotterdam and Hamburg &c.	Furst Bulow	H. A. L.	30 June
Genoa, N'les, L'horn, B'bay & Port Sai 1 via S'pore	Birkenfels	H. A. L.	7 July
Rotterdam, Hamburg & Antwerp	Ischia	C. & Co.	4 July
Marseilles, Rotterdam and Hamburg	Brasilia	H. A. L.	3 July
Marseilles, London & Antwerp via S'pore, &c.	Allmark	H. A. L.	14 July
Havre & Hamburg	Mishima Maru	N. Y. K.	2 July
Prieste, Fiume, Venice via Singapore, &c.	Goldenfels	H. A. L.	18 July
Trieste via Singapore, Penang, Colombo, &c.	Gisela	S. W. & Co.	1 July, about
	Koerber	S. W. & Co.	15 July

New York, San Francisco and Canada.

Mexican, Peruvian and Chili Ports via Japan	Kiyo Maru	T. K. K.	5 August
New York	Wray Castle	D. & Co. Ltd.	3 July about
San Francisco via Japan	Nile	P. M. Co.	3 July
San Francisco via Shanghai and Japan, &c.	Persia	P. M. Co.	1 July
San Francisco via Keelung & Japan &c.	Korea	P. M. Co.	4 July
do do	Shinyo Maru	T. K. K.	12 July
Victoria, B.C., & Tacoma via Keelung, &c.	Seattle Maru	O. S. K.	10 July
Victoria, B.C., & Seattle via Keelung, &c.	Sado Maru	N. Y. K.	1 July
Portland, Tacoma and Seattle	Vestalia	J. M. & Co.	30 June
Vancouver via Shanghai and Japan, &c.	Empress of Japan	C. P. R. Co.	2 July
do do	E. of Russia	C. P. R. Co.	18 July
Vancouver, Portland, &c.	Den of Ruthven	J. M. & Co.	27 July

Australia.

Australian Ports via Manila	Eastern	G. L. & Co.	19 July
do do	Kumano Maru	N. Y. K.	2 July
do do	Coblentz	M. & Co.	12 July
do do	Inaba Maru	N. Y. K.	30 July

Singapore, Coast Ports and Japan.

Batavia, Cheribon, Samarang, &c.	Tjitaroem	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
do do	Tjimahi	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
Japan	Tjiliwong	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
do do	Tjimanoeck	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
do do	Amazona	M. M. Co.	13 July
Kobe & Yokohama	Anatolian	M. M. Co.	27 July
do do	Hitachi Maru	N. Y. K.	2 July
Kobe & Moji	Vadala	J. M. & Co.	7 July
Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama	Laisang	J. M. & Co.	20 July
do do	Kanagawa Maru	N. Y. K.	7 July
Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Preussen	H. A. L.	5 July
Yokohama, Kobe and Moji	Inaba Maru	N. Y. K.	2 July
Moji, Kobe and Yokkaichi	Foosang	J. M. & Co.	10 July
Mitko, Kobe and Moji	Lazon Maru	O. S. K.	18 July
Manila	Jelunga	D. S. & Co.	1 July
Manila, Cebu and Iloilo	Loongsang	J. M. & Co.	5 July
Ningpo, Tsingtau & Newchwang	Chinhua	B. & S.	1 July
Swatow	Tientsin	B. & S.	1 July
Singapore, Penang, and Rangoon	Heiman	D. L. & Co.	29 June
Shanghai and Japan	Itola	J. M. & Co.	9 July
do do	Silesia	H. A. L.	20 July
Foochow via Swatow and Amoy	Belgravia	H. A. L.	30 July
Swatow, Amoy & Foochow	Kaijo Maru	O. S. K.	2 July
do do	Haiyang	D. L. & Co.	1 July
Shanghai, Kobe, Moji and Yokohama	Haiching	D. L. & Co.	4 July
Shanghai, Tsingtau, Kobe and Yokohama	Penang Maru	N. Y. K.	2 July
Shanghai	Tjilatjap	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
do do	Tjibodas	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
do do	Tjikini	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
do do	Koerber	S. W. & Co.	1 July
do do	Luchow	B. & S.	3 July
do do	China	P. & O. Co.	3 July about
do do	Hangsang	J. M. & Co.	2 July
Kudat and Sandakan	B. raeo	M. & Co.	End of June

MOVEMENTS OF
STEAMERS.VESSELS ADVERTISED TO
DEPART TO-MORROW.

Vessels.	Vessels.
Foochow, Batavia, San Francisco, Europe, Macao, Japan, Straits, Philippines, Seattle, Straits, Shanghai, Japan.	Haiyang, Childar, Persia, Armand Behic, Sui Tai, Jelunga, Dilwara, Chinhua, Sado Maru, Gisela, Hangsang, Mishima Maru, Koerber, Inaba Maru.

VESSELS ADVERTISED TO
ARRIVE TO-MORROW.

Vessels.	Vessels.
Sandakan, Singapore, Sandakan.	Rajah, Koerber, Mausang.

AMERICAN MAIL.

The T. K. K. s.s. Shinyo Maru left San Francisco for Hongkong on the 7th inst., and is due in Hongkong the 8th July.

The P. M. s.s. Korea will be despatched from this port at 1 o'clock, July 4, for San Francisco via Manila, Nagasaki, Kobe, Shimizu and Honolulu.

The P. M. s.s. Persia will be despatched from this port at 12 o'clock noon, July 1, for San Francisco, via Manila, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

CANADIAN MAIL.
 The Yokohama office of the C. P. R. is in receipt of a wireless message from the R. M. S. Empress of Russia, sent at midnight 26th June, when the vessel was 1,350 miles distant from Japan, advising all well, and that the Commander expected to reach Yokohama on the 30th June, at 5 a.m.

The C. P. R. s.s. Empress of Russia left Vancouver on the 19th inst. a.m. and is due to arrive at Hongkong on the 7th July.

ENGLISH MAIL.

The P. & O. China left Singapore for this Port on the 28th instant at a.m. with the outward English Mail, and is due here on the 2nd July at about 2 p.m.

MERCHANT STEAMERS.
 The American and Manchurian Line s.s. Swazi passed the Suez Canal on the 6th ult., for Hongkong direct.

The German s.s. Rajah left Sandakan on the 26th June, and may be expected here on or about the 1st July.

The T. K. K. s.s. Kiyo Maru arrives at Honolulu from Manzanillo on the 11th inst., and is due in Hongkong on the 20th July.

The s.s. Glenroy passed the Suez Canal on 6th inst., for Hongkong via Straits.

The American and Manchurian Line s.s. Kansas passed the Suez Canal on the 17th inst., for Hongkong direct.

The French s.s. Phuyen left Saigon for this port, and is due to arrive here on or about the 30th inst.

The A.L. s.s. Koerber left Singapore for this port on the 26th June, and will arrive here on the 1st July.

The O. S. K. s.s. Seattle Maru, from Tacoma, arrived at Manila on the 26th June, and will leave again for this port on the 30th June, and is due at Hongkong on the 3rd July, a.m.

THOS. COOK & SON,

Tourist, Steamship and Forwarding Agents,
Bankers, &c.

Head Office for the Far East:—16, DES VOEUX ROAD, HONG KONG, SHANGHAI: 2-3, FOOCHOW ROAD, YOKOHAMA: 3, WATER STREET, MANILA: P.O. Box 786

TICKETS SUPPLIED TO EUROPE by the principal STEAMSHIP LINES and TRANS-SIBERIAN RAILWAY.

TOURS arranged to ALL PARTS of the WORLD.
 BAGGAGE collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.
 LETTERS of CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED and CASHED

22] Chief Office:—LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON, E.C.

Russian Volunteer Fleet.

Next sailings from Hongkong:—
 To VLADIVOSTOCK via NAGASAKI The S.S. "YAROSLAV" 4494 R.T. Commander L. Alexeeff, ABOUT 23rd day of July 1913.

To ODESSA via ports The S.S. "VORONEZ" 5616 R.T. Commander Bakanoff, ABOUT 24th day of July 1913.

The exact dates of sailing for both the vessels, will be published after receipt of telegrams from the last ports of call.

For Freight, Passage and further particulars please apply to

Capt. D. A. LUKHMANOFF,

Agent,
Hotel Mansions, 3rd Floor,
Rooms Nos 12A & 14.

Telephone No. 1224.

Hongkong, 27th June, 1913.

BOLINDERS CRUDE-

OIL MOTORS.

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL MOTOR.

"The Marine Motors are direct Reversible."

ULDERUP & SCHLUTER

HONGKONG,

21, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL.

HOTEL LISTS.

Hongkong Hotel.
 Aaron, J. M. Leeman, F.
 Babond, C. Lloyd, G. T.
 Barberini, E. T. Lieber, Mr. and
 Baring, M. Mrs. E.
 Baring, Miss L. Lobb, Dr. E. L.
 Bate, E. R. M.
 Bellios, Mrs. E. MacIntyre, Mr.
 R. and Mrs. Nell
 Bens, G. A. Malko, Mr. and
 Boward, F. Mrs.
 Brown, R. Malin, G.
 Cambridge, A. J. Mason, O. Fare-
 Chookman, A. brother
 Claxton, A. Matheson, Miss
 Cowen, Mrs. W. M.
 Crocker, Miss F. R. T.
 Culliver, Maxsted, Capt.
 Davis, C. H. H. E.
 Defer, O. McKean, Dr. G.
 Dertano, Mr. & W.
 Mrs. & child-
 ren.
 Dewar, J. O. W. & Mrs.
 Doran, Mr. and Mrs.
 Douglas, Mrs. R. Mulder, J. D. F.
 H. Newman, E.
 Dowley, W. A. O'Leary, Miss
 Ehrenfels, Mr. & G.
 Mrs. H. C. Ormiston, J.
 Farrell, E. H. Pomeroy, Mrs.
 Fisher, H. E. Price, H. E.
 Fisher, W. E. Ray, E. H.
 Gahne, J. W. Read, J. D.
 Gahne, Mr. and Robinson, W.
 Mrs. I. H. V.
 Gillespie, Dr. J. Reay, Miss
 M. F.
 Gordon, A. G. Shaffer, Mr. &
 Goulbourn, V. Mrs. C. O.
 Gould, Mr. J. Sibley, J. C.
 Gougey, J. Singer, E. T.
 Grelsammer, G. Smith, Mr. and
 Mrs. E. E.
 Grisogono, P. O. Sorby, V.
 Von Spiro, S.
 Grone, G. W. Square, Miss.
 Hanna, Dr. J. G. Sun Chong
 Harbord, W. T. Sun Yat-sen,
 Herz, A. Dr.
 Hewitt, F. M. Tapp, J. R.
 E. A. C. M. G. Thompson, Mr.
 Holgate, H. & Mrs. H. A.
 Innes, Capt. R. Thompson, L.
 Isard, N.
 Judah, Mrs. A. Ward, E. B.
 N. E. Webb, Mr. and
 Kadel, E. S. Mrs. B.
 Kadoorie, Ellis Weidner, W. E.
 Klinck, Mr. and White, F. W.
 Mrs. White, H. P.
 Klinck, W. Wood, G. G.
 Kruseman, A. Wood, Miss
 Lawrence, S. Ziebler, J.
 H.

Grand Hotel.

Balesky, J. Lewington,
 Becke, G. G. Capt. J. S.
 Bjolin, M. Lodge, Mrs. P.
 Brothers, E. L. Lorrin, F.
 Brown, Dr. Mahoney, J.
 Brown, Monroe, Mr. &
 Crawford, Mr. & Mrs. P.
 Mrs. P.
 Crew, Mr. and Olfert, H.
 Mrs. A. B. Pfeiffer
 Epperson, Mr. & Rocco
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 English, J. R. Rbun, Mr. and
 Fenster, G. W. Ruckman, Mr.
 Forrest, J. D. & Mrs.
 Frenk, C. Ruckman, Miss
 Gibbon, E. J. Waern
 Green, G. M. Warner, D. M.
 Jeffery Kennedy, J. G. Steff, E.
 Key, Dr. Zerega, Chinita
 Leale, Mr. and Miss

Craigieburn.

Caldwell, Mr. McCall, J.
 Caldwell, Miss Reynaud, Ma-
 Carpenter, Mr. de-
 and Mrs. staur
 Cornell, W. A. Smith, Mrs. G.
 Kydd, Mr. and Smith, E. G.
 Mrs. Wood, E. M.
 Galbraith, V. M.

Consignee

"INDRA" LINE, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

From NEW YORK via
 SUEZ CANAL.

THE Steamship

"INDRAGHIBI,"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of cargo are hereby notified that all goods are being landed at the risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence delivery may be obtained. Goods not cleared by the 1st July at 6 p.m. will be subject to rent.
 All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns where they will be examined on 1st July at 9.30 a.m. Claims against the steamer must be presented within 10 days of arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized.
 J. MATHESON & CO., LTD.
 Agents.
 Hongkong, 29th June, 1913. [487]

Consignees

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"PRINZ EITEL FRIEDRICH,"
 having arrived, Consignees of cargo are hereby notified that all goods are being landed at the risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence delivery may be obtained.
 Optional Cargo will be forwarded on consignment if received from the Consignees before noon to-day requesting it to be landed here.
 No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 2nd of July, 1913, will be subject to rent.
 All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 2nd of July, at 9.30 a.m.
 All claims must reach us before the 9th of July, 1913, or they will not be recognized.
 No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the undersigned.
 NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD, MELOERS & CO., General Agents.
 Hongkong, 25th June 1913. (389)

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

"S.S. PERSIA"

FROM SAN FRANCISCO, JAPAN PORTS AND MANILA.

The above mentioned vessel having arrived Consignees of cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of cargo from alongside. Cargo-impeding discharge will be landed immediately at consignees' risk and expense.
 Cargo remaining undelivered Wednesday the 26th inst., at 5 p.m. will be landed at consignees' risk and expense.
 Cargo remaining undelivered THURSDAY July 1st, 1913, at noon will, in addition to landing charges, be subject to storage charges.
 No fire insurance whatever will be effected.
 All chafed and otherwise damaged cargo will be examined at the above Company's godown MONDAY 30th June, 1913 at 10 a.m.
 No claims will be entertained unless accompanied by short delivery note or list of exceptions taken at the time of delivery to consignees and signed for and on behalf of the Pacific Mail S. S. Co.
 All claims must be filed on or before July 24th, 1913, otherwise they will not be recognized.
 O. H. BITTER, Acting Agent.
 Hongkong, 24th June, 1913. [430]

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "KOREA,"

FROM SAN FRANCISCO, JAPAN PORTS & SHANGHAI.

The above mentioned vessel having arrived Consignees of cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of cargo from alongside. Cargo-impeding discharge will be landed immediately at consignees' risk and expense.
 Cargo remaining undelivered Friday the 27th inst., at noon will be landed at consignees' risk and expense.
 Cargo remaining undelivered Wednesday July 2nd 1913, at noon, will, in addition to landing charges, be subject to storage charges.
 No fire insurance whatever will be effected.
 All chafed and otherwise damaged cargo will be examined at the above Company's godown Tuesday July 1st, 1913, at 10 a.m.
 No claims will be entertained unless accompanied by short delivery note or list of exceptions taken at the time of delivery to consignees and signed for and on behalf of the Pacific Mail S. S. Co.
 All claims must be filed on or before July 20th 1913, otherwise they will not be recognized.
 O. H. BITTER, Acting Agent.
 Hongkong, 26th June, 1913. [432]

Consignees

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG & SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship

"JELUNGA,"
 having arrived from the above ports, consignees of cargo are hereby informed that their goods will be delivered from alongside.
 Cargo impeding the discharge will be landed at once, at consignees' risk and expense.
 Cargo remaining on board after 2 p.m. on the 27th inst., will be landed at consignees' risk and expense.
 Consignees of Cargo from Singapore & Penang are requested to take IMMEDIATE delivery of their goods from alongside, such cargo impeding the discharge of the vessel will be landed and stored at consignees' risk and expense.
 No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the undersigned.
 DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD., Agents.
 Hongkong, 27th June, 1913. [437]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM KOBE AND MOJI.

THE Steamship

"DILWARA,"
 having arrived from the above ports, consignees of cargo are hereby informed that their goods will be delivered from alongside.
 Cargo impeding the discharge will be landed at once, at consignees' risk and expense.
 Cargo remaining on board after 2 p.m. on the 26th inst., will be landed at consignees' risk and expense.
 Consignees of Cargo from the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence delivery may be obtained.
 No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the undersigned.
 DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD., Agents.
 Hongkong, 26th June, 1913. [434]

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD BREMEN.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"COBLENZ,"
 having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence delivery may be obtained.
 Optional Cargo will be forwarded on consignment if received from the Consignees before noon to-day requesting it to be landed here.
 No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 29th of June, will be subject to rent.
 All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns where they will be examined on the 29th of June, at 9.30 a.m.
 All claims must reach us before the 6th of July, 1913, or they will not be recognized.
 No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the undersigned.
 NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD, MELOERS & CO., General Agents.
 Hongkong, 28th June 1913. [430]

To Sail

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITIMI.

Direct Steam for GENOA NAPLES, LEGHORN, BOMBAY AND PORT SAID via SINGAPORE.

(Without transshipment.)

(Ship) Cargo at through bill to all Mediterranean, Adriatic, Aegean, Valenian, Alionian, Almeri and Malaga Levante and South American Ports (to or from Calcutta).

THE Steamship

"ISCHIA,"

Capt. Ballico, will be despatched as above on FRIDAY, the 4th July, at Noon.

For further particulars regarding freight and passage, apply to

CARLOWITZ & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 27th June, 1913. [436]

For NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA, and VLADIVOSTOK.

THE Steamship

"GUTHRIE,"

Capt. Harris, will be despatched as above on TUESDAY, 1st July, at daylight.

For Freight or Passage apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 27th June, 1913. [435]

To Sail

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND CALCUTTA.

(Taking cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Rangoon, Madras, and Mauritania.)

THE Steamship

"GREGORY APCAR,"

Capt. J. E. Drake, will be despatched for the above ports, on Monday, the 30th inst., at 8 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD., Agents.

Hongkong, 27th June, 1913. [392]

Regular Steamship Service

With Liberty to call at the M-labar Coast.

Proposed Sailing From Hongkong.

FOR NEW YORK.

"W. R. V." on or about

S.S. "CASIL" at 11 a.m.

For Freight and further information, apply to

DOVWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

Hongkong, 25th June 1913. [399]

FOR MIKE, KOBE AND MOJI.

THE Steamship

"JILUNGA,"

Capt. J. B. O'Sullivan will be despatched for the above ports, on TUESDAY, the 1st July, at 3 p.m.

The Steamer has superior accommodation for passengers, is installed throughout with Electric Light and carries a duly certified doctor.

Return tickets are available by the Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s steamers. Fare for round trip \$120.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD., Agents.

Hongkong, 24th July, 1913. [307]

FOR CALCUTTA, PENANG & SINGAPORE.

(Taking cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Madras and Mauritania.)

THE Steamship

"DILWARA,"

Capt. G. N. Ramago, R.N., will be despatched for the above ports on Wednesday, the 2nd July, at 3 p.m.

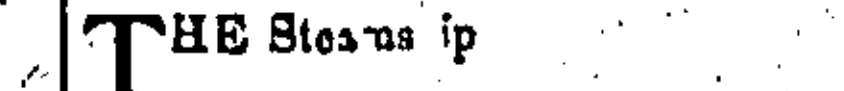
For Freight or Passage apply to

DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD., Agents.

Hongkong, 28th June 1913. [397]

AMERICAN ASIATIC S.S. CO.

Hongkong - Boston & New York.



FOR BOSTON & NEW YORK PORTS & SUEZ CANAL.

(With liberty to call at the M-labar Coast)

S.S. "INDRAGHIBI" on or about

HA" 14th July,

For freight and further information, apply to

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., General Agents.

Hongkong, 27th June 1913. [318]

Not ces

WING KEE & CO.

47-49, Connaught Rd.

SHIP, HANDE

REVISION & COIL

MET CHANIE

Hongkong, 28th May, 1913.

HIMROD'S

Olives Instant Relief

We matter what your respiratory organs may be suffering from—whether

ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, BRONCHITIS, OR

ORDINARY COUGH.

—You will find in this famous remedy a relief in 5 minutes.

It is the only remedy that is so effective.

It is the only remedy that is so safe.

It is the only remedy that is so cheap.

It is the only remedy that is so reliable.

It is the only remedy that is so famous.

It is the only remedy that is so well known.

It is the only remedy that is so effective.

It is the only remedy that is so safe.

It is the only remedy that is so cheap.

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It is the only remedy that is so famous.

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It is the only remedy that is so effective.

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It is the only remedy that is so well known.

It is the only remedy that is so effective.

PRESERVATIVES OF FISH.

Russian Scientist's Experiments.

New processes for treating and preserving fish have just been subjected to tests in London and Hull. They are the outcome of the researches and experiments of Professor A. J. Danilevsky, a member of the Imperial Academy, who is now on a visit to London. He states that he has found a substance which can be added to the water so that when fish are put into the liquid they remain alive for several hours. The new ingredient is gradually absorbed into the fish through the gills and through the mouth, and thus enters into the intestines, whereupon it undergoes an organic change and completely disappears. By the use of another liquid the fish can be kept fresh for weeks or months, in fact, they will, it is claimed, retain their normal characteristics, both externally and internally.

Professor Danilevsky visited Hull recently and to the members of the Hull Trawlers Owners' Association and the Fish Merchants' Association, undertook to prove that by his process fish could be preserved for an almost indefinite period and placed on the market in a fresh state. Fish were treated in the solutions, sealed by the Russian Vice-Consul, and taken charge of by the trawler owners. The Professor returned to Hull after an interval of 10 days; the seals were broken, and the condition of the fish was admitted to be such as to justify the claims that the Professor had put forward.

MODEL WARSHIP BLOWN UP.

Strange Incident at a Japanese Naval Station.

An extraordinary incident took place the other day at the Japanese naval station of Maizuru, on the Sea of Japan, says a contemporary. Some new harbour works had been completed, and, by way of creating interest in naval matters, the public were invited to the opening ceremony. Various evolutions were performed, but the piece de resistance of the celebration appears to have been a demonstration of submarine mine-work. A model wooden warship, some 40 ft. in length, was moored in the middle of the bay, and with remarkable celerity the launches attached to the port laid a mine and connected it with the station on shore. Whether by accident or design—and, in view of the official character of the proceedings, the former seems scarcely possible—the dummy vessel was decorated with the "Stars and Stripes." This touch of realism seemed to appeal to the spectators. At a given signal the mine was exploded, the "American" warship blown to pieces, and the harbour resounded with shouts of "Banzai!"

The present state of Japanese-American relations reacted upon a Kyoto student in another way. The youth, who belonged to the Young Men's Christian Association, felt so much distress at the low standard of morality in America, as evinced by the anti-Japanese agitation in California, that he proceeded to commit suicide by way of protest. Fortunately, he was arrested in time by a friendly policeman.

The latest Poulsen success has come as a shock to the Marconi enthusiasts. It appears that as the result of exhaustive tests of various wireless systems, the contract for the supply of the wireless equipment for the important Colon station at the Atlantic end of the Panama Canal has been awarded by the United States Government to the (Poulsen) Federal Telegraph Company. The station is to have a day and night range of over 3,000 miles. Marconi suffered severely when this news became public. It is stated that litigation is to result from the award, the Marconi people alleging infringement of patents.

That Mr. Herreshoff has expressed a willingness to accept a commission from the syndicate was learned to-night on his return from New York after a long conference requested by members of the New York Yacht Club, who have been prominent in financing other cup races.

Ten days ago the Bristol designer informed a committee of young New York yachtsmen that he did not care to enter competition for designing a defender to meet Sir Thomas' challenger next year, but his attitude is now said to have changed. A commission for a seventy-five foot yacht is expected here soon.

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OWEN SEAMAN ON PARODY.

Mr Owen Seaman, Editor of Punch, read a paper on "Parody" at a recent evening meeting of the Royal Institution. In a delightfully amusing review of the whole subject, he showed how parody may have a real literary value, while in its highest form it becomes pure criticism. Authors are thereby enabled to see themselves as others see them.

In its lowest form parody did not demand a very high gift of the literary sense. Few things could be easier than to take a familiar poem, such as "Casablanca"—"The boy stood on the burning deck"—and begin as follows:—"The girl sat on the frying-pan." There must be very few of our youth who had omitted to sow their wild oats in this field. One might adapt Carlyle and say that the population of Great Britain consisted of 40 millions, mostly people who at one time or another had parodied "To be or not to be."

And yet, even in that lowest department of parody, a very fine verbal ingenuity might be shown, and some of the best masters of the art had descended to practise it. Calverley, in his "Wanderers," made a remarkably ingenious imitation of the lyric in Tennyson's "Brook." Another well-known instance of verbal ingenuity was Hilton's famous imitation of Bret Harte in "The Light Green." In Hilton's "Fleeting Passes" the gentleman who tried to get through his pass examination at Cambridge by irregular means, including the concealment of memoranda or historical dates in his hands, there came this deathless couplet, in which the jeu de mot of the original was reproduced:—

"And we found in his palms, which were hollow, What are frequent in palms, that is dates." In quite recent times the late J. K. Stephen wrote complaining of the popularity of Messrs Rudyard Kipling and Rider Haggard as an obsession from which he would be glad to escape, and looked forward to the day—

"When the Rudyard cease from Kipling, And the Haggards ride no more." A higher stage was reached when the parodist attempted the imitation of an author's literary methods. A recognized masterpiece of this kind was Calverley's "The Cook and the Bull," after Browning's "The Ring and the Book."

Of living poets it would be difficult to name more than two or three whom a parodist could burlesque with a reasonable confidence in the general public's ability to appreciate his intentions. Perhaps the highest test of a parody was that its merits should be acknowledged by the man himself whom it victimized. Certainly he never felt so complimented as when he heard that the late Mr. W. E. Henley had so far approved a parody he had made at his expense as to have sworn that he must have written it himself when he was drunk—"Times."

THE CUP DEFENDER.
 To be built by Mr Herreshoff.

Bristol (B. I.), May 28th.—"Net" Herreshoff, designer of many successful defenders of the America's cup, will probably build a candidate for the defence of the cup next year against Sir Thomas Lipton. A syndicate made up of former Commodore Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mr. Oliver Iselin and other older members of the New York Yacht Club will furnish the funds.

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NEW POSTAL RULE.

For Philippines and America.

Washington, May 28.—Postmaster-General Burleson and Secretary of War Garrison signed to-day a joint order directing that, after July 1st, the embossed stamped envelopes and single one-cent post cards of the United States be valid for postage in the Philippine islands when directed to addressees in the United States, and that those of the Philippines be accepted here under similar conditions. Stamps are not included in the order.

The Hagenbeck "Zoo." Messrs. Heinrich and Lorenz Hagenbeck, the sons of the late Carl Hagenbeck, of Hamburg, have arranged to present at Olympia next Christmas the animal exhibition and circus which had been planned by their father. He had been looking forward to this "Wander-Zoo and Big Circus" as his crowning triumph of showmanship and, his ideas will be faithfully carried out.

COMMERCIAL.

Tinned Crab Industry of Japan.

The British Vice-Consul at Hakodate (Mr E. L. S. Gordon) has furnished some particulars regarding the tinned crab industry of the Hokkaido and Karafuto (Japanese Saghalien). This industry is concerned with the tinning of crabs caught off the coast of Hokkaido, the Kurile Islands, and Karafuto. In Karafuto there are tinning plants at the majority of the crabs caught in the other two districts are tinned at Nemuro. The first export of tinned crabs took place in 1905, and since then the demand has increased considerably every year, so that now the exporting firms in Tokyo, Yokohama, Osaka, Kobe, &c., have begun to invest money in the encouragement of the industry. It is estimated that during 1912 Nemuro produced 1,850,000 lbs. of tinned crabs and Karafuto 1,200,000 lbs. with a total value of £130,000, as compared with 1,600,000 lbs. and 1,700,000 lbs. respectively in 1911, valued at £119,783. During 1911 there were 285,100 dozen tins of crabs, valued at £95,751, exported from the southern ports, as compared with 201,737 dozen tins, valued at £74,896, in 1910. The export figures for 1912 are 401,502 dozen tins, valued at £141,355, of which Yokohama alone exported 313,116 dozen, tins valued at £119,783, as compared with 250,702 dozen tins, valued at £90,651, in the previous year. There are about 30 tinning plants on Karafuto Island and 10 in Nemuro, whilst the island of Kunashiri is very prosperous, having 27 plants. Special attention is now being paid to the development of the promising fisheries of Parusubiri and Shumshu at the northern end of the Kurile Islands. The methods of canning have been faulty and an association has been formed for the purpose of remedying the defects in the methods in use. The usual mode of doing business is for foreign firms to send their orders of the exporters, who in their turn make special contracts with the canners. Sometimes foreign firms in Japan contract directly with the canners, and occasionally the Japanese exporters buy directly for cash at the market price. Owing to the increased demand, due to the opening up of trade with Europe, there was considerable competition amongst dealers in 1912, and prices have risen to 25 yen (£2 11s) per box of four dozen 1 lb. tins of Karafuto crab and 22 yen (£2 4s 11d) for the same quantity of Nemuro crab. The principal foreign market is the United States, followed by the United Kingdom, France, Germany, Australia, and China. A list of the principal producers and dealers may be obtained by importers in the United Kingdom on application to the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, 73, Basinghall street, London, E. C.

NOTICES

FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF HONGKONG.

BANK HOLIDAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that all FIRE INSURANCE OFFICES will be closed for the transaction of Public Business on TUESDAY 1st July, 1913.

By Order,

A. B. LOWE,

Hongkong, 27th June, 1913. [342]

MARINE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF HONGKONG.

BANK HOLIDAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that all MARINE INSURANCE OFFICES will be closed for the transaction of Public Business on TUESDAY 1st July, 1913.

By Order,

A. B. LOWE,

Hongkong, June 27th, 1913. [343]

Entertainments.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

9.15 To-Night To-Night 9.15

THE MAGNIFICENT FILM OF THE POPULAR PLAY

"THE MERRY WIDOW"

DON'T MISS THE CHANGE OF

SEEING THIS GRAND FILM.

THE GREAT SPECTACULAR FILM

"THE MIRACLE"

NEXT WEEK

OLGA MONTES and KETTY RAYNOR

THE 2 STAR ARTISTES OF THE AUSTRALIAN STAGES WILL MAKE THEIR DEBUT

ON TUESDAY, 1ST JULY.

BIJOU SCENIC THEATRE.

Twice Weekly Twice Weekly

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME

SPLENDID NEW PICTURES

DON'T FAIL TO SEE

MISS CHINTA ZEREGA.

The World-renowned Classical Dancer who has performed before the Crowned Heads of Europe.

THIS EVENING AT 9.15 P.M.

NEW PICTURES NIGHTLY.

THEATRE ROYAL

HONGKONG

FOR 10 NIGHTS ONLY.

COMMENCING Fri. July 4,

MAURICE E. BANDMANN

PRESENTS

The New Bandmann Opera Co.

FRIDAY, July 4,

"AUTUMN MANOEUVRES"

from the Adelphi Theatre, London.

SATURDAY, July 5,

"THE RUNAWAY GIRL"

from the Gaiety Theatre, London.

MONDAY, July 7,

"GIPSY LOVE"

from Daly's Theatre, London.

TUESDAY, July 8,

"THE GIRL IN THE TRAIN"

from the Vaudeville Theatre, London.

WEDNESDAY, July 9,

"THE PINK LADY"

from the Globe Theatre, London.

THURSDAY, July 10,

"THE COUNT OF LUXEMBOURG"

from Daly's Theatre, London.

FRIDAY, July 11,

"PRINCESS CAPRICE"

from the Shaftesbury Theatre, London.

SATURDAY, July 12,

Important Revival with New

Scenery, Costumes and Effects

"THE GEISHA"

from Daly's Theatre, London.

The Record Success.

MONDAY, July 14,

"THE GIRL IN THE TAXI"

still the Biggest and Brightest

Success now playing to

capacity houses in London.

TUESDAY, July 15,

FAREWELL PERFORMANCE.

Particulars to be announced later.

Doors Open at 8.30.

Commence at 9 Sharp.

Plans now open at MOUTRIE'S.

NOTICES

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT

COMPANY, LIMITED.

PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.

General Managers.

Hongkong, 16th August, 1901.

KOWLOON CANTON

RAILWAY.

(British Section.)

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that

an additional train will

leave Kowloon for Sheung Shui

(Fanning Golf Links) at 8.35 a.m.

on Tuesday, July 1st, 1913, call-

ing at Tai-po at 9.00 a.m. and

arriving Sheung Shui at 9.12 a.m.

By Order,

H. P. WINSLOW,

Manager.

Kowloon, 25th June, 1913. [344]

NOTICES

The World Famous Magician

MALINI

Entertainer to Kings and

Presidents will perform his

marvellous feats of sleight-of-hand

at two public performances.

TUES. JULY 1ST

Peak Hotel

Booking at PEAK HOTEL.

THURS. JULY 3,

City Hall

(ST. ANDREW'S)

Booking at MOUTRIE'S

All Seats Reserved \$3.00

Performance at 9.30 p.m.

BANK HOLIDAY.

UNDER Ordinance No. 5 of 1912, TUESDAY 1st July has been proclaimed a Public Holiday and the EXCHANGE BANKS will be closed for business on that day. Hongkong, 27th June, 1913. [435]

LESSONS IN CHINESE.

MR LI HON FAN, a Chinese graduate, versed in literature, has been a teacher to European officials and merchants in this Colony for over ten years.

He has a good method of training Europeans to pass in the Chinese examination, and is possessed of a first rate certificate as a Chinese teacher. He has also a good knowledge of Mandarin and Hakka.

Those who intend learning the Chinese language are requested to write care of "Hongkong Telegraph" office or direct to 87 Hollywood Road, 1st floor. Hongkong, 29th Jan. 1912. [19]

KELLY & WALSH, LTD.

An Invaluable Work of Reference

THE CHINA

YEAR BOOK 1913.

\$7.50

New Edition

THE TRADE & ADMINIS-

TRATION OF CHINA.

By H. B. MORSE \$6.00

Send For Our List of 1,000

COLONIAL NOVELS REDUCED

from \$1.75 to 60 cents.

KELLY & WALSH LTD.

Banks

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

Head Office: 60, Wall Street, New York.

London Office: 25, Abchurch Lane, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Bombay Calcutta Canton Cebu Colon Hankow Hongkong

Kobe Manila Mexico Panama Peking San Francisco Shanghai Yokohama

Capital and Reserve \$100,000,000 (Gold)

RESERVE FUNDS:

Storling \$1,500,000 at 2/==

\$15,000,000

Silver 17,200,000

Reserve Liability of \$32,200,000

Proprietors \$15,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

S. H. Dodwell, Esq., Chairman.

Hon. Mr. D. Landale, Deputy

Chairman.

G. Friesland, Esq.

C. S. Gubbay, Esq.

P. H. Holyoak, Esq.

G. R. Laurens, Esq.

F. Lieb, Esq.

W. L. Pattenden, Esq.

J. A. Plummer, Esq.

Hon. Mr. E. Shelling.

H. A. Siebs, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:

Hongkong—N. J. Stabb.

MANAGER.

Shanghai—A. G. Stephen.

London—Bankers—London

County and Westminster

Limited.

Hongkong—Interest Allowed.

On Current Account at the rate

of 2 per cent. per Annum on the

daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS

For 3 months, 2 1/2 per cent. per

Annum.

For 6 months, 3 1/2 per cent. per

Annum.

For 12 months, 4 per cent. per

Annum.

N. J. STABB, Chief Manager.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK

THE Business of the above

Bank is conducted by the

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI

BANKING CORPORATION.

Rules may be obtained on ap-

plication.

INTEREST on deposits is al-

lowed on the minimum monthly

balances at 3 Per Cent. per an-

num.

Depositors may transfer at their

option balances of \$100 or more

to the Hongkong and Shanghai

Bank to be placed on FIXED

DEPOSIT at 4 Per Cent. per

annum.

For the Hongkong and Shang-

hai Banking Corporation,

N. J. STABB, Chief Manager.

DEUTSCH ASIATISCHE

BANK.

Capital Fully.

Paid-up Sh. Tals 7,500,000

Head Office, Shanghai.

Board of Directors—Berlin.

Branches:

Berlin Calcutta Canton

Hamburg Hankow Kobe

Peking Singapore Tientsin

Tainanfu Tsingtau Yokohama.

LONDON BANKERS:

Messrs. N. M. Rothschild & Sons,

The Union of London and Smith's

Bank, Limited.

Deutsche Bank (Berlin), London

Agency.

Direction der Disconto Gesell-

schaft.

INTEREST allowed on Current

Account. DEPOSITS received

on terms which may be learned

on application. Every description

of Banking and Exchange busi-

ness transacted.

R. TIMMERSCHIEDT,

Manager.

Hongkong, 9th Oct. 1911. [2]

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF

INDIA, LIMITED.

Authorized Capital \$1,500,000

Subscribed 1,125,000

Paid Up 562,000

Reserve Fund 115,000

HEAD OFFICE:

40, Threadneedle Street,

London, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Bombay, Calcutta, Canton,

Colon, Hongkong, Kobe,

Manila, Peking, Singapore,

Tientsin, Yokohama.

AGENTS IN JAPAN:

Messrs. Jardine, Matheson

& Co., Ltd.

BANKERS:

Bank of England.

London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

EVERY description of Banking

and Exchange business

transacted. Stocks and Shares

bought and sold on account of

Constituents. Letters of Credit

LOCAL SPORT.

LAWN BOWLS LEAGUE.

Kowloon v. Civil Service.

At Kowloon on Saturday, a match between the Kowloon and Civil Service Clubs, resulted in an easy win for the home team.

Table with 2 columns: Player Name, Score. Rows include Kowloon players (R. Hall, A. Foster, etc.) and Civil Service players (A. Foster, W. Higby, etc.).

At Taikoo on Saturday the Police were badly beaten by the home Club, the margin of points reaching record.

Table with 2 columns: Player Name, Score. Rows include Police players (A. Clark, T. Bateman, etc.) and Taikoo players (T. Bateman, J. Dickie, etc.).

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Table with 2 columns: Player Name, Score. Rows include Police players (A. Clark, T. Bateman, etc.) and Taikoo players (T. Bateman, J. Dickie, etc.).

winning by 67 games to 32. The following were the scores: Wong Po Kie and Ng Sze Ching beat Bess and Suffied 7-4, beat Braga and Braga 9-2, beat Hancock and Rose 8-3.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

There was an excellent house at the Victoria Theatre on Saturday, when the new film, "The Merry Widow" was shown. The well-known play is beautifully staged and presented, and was much appreciated by the spectators.

MALINI THE WIZARD.

There will not be room in the Peak Hotel to hold the crowd that will go to see Malini the wizard live his first public show tomorrow evening, if the booking continues at the fast pace at which it is going.

BUNKERS

can be supplied at cheap rates.

SANDAKAN & SEBATTIK

(British North Borneo).

At these ports steamers calling for bunker coal exclusively are exempt from all shipping dues and charges.

A. BUNE

POST OFFICE.

Tuesday 1st prox. having been declared a public holiday the Post Office will be open from 7 a.m. to noon for the despatch of the American and French mails.

The Money Order Office will be closed at 11 a.m.

The Registration Office will be closed at 11 a.m.

The Money Order Office will be entirely closed.

MAILS ARRIVED TO-DAY.

American, Armand Behic.

French, Ernest Simons.

MAILS DUE.

English, China, 2nd prox.

Siberian, Linan, 2nd prox.

The China with the English mail left Singapore on Saturday, the 28th inst at 8 a.m. and is expected to arrive here on Wednesday the 2nd proximo at 2 p.m.

This packet brings the parcel mails closed in London for despatch by the all-sea route on the 28th May, and for despatch overlaid on the 4th June.

The Linan with the mail from London (via Siberia) of Friday, the 13th instant, is expected to arrive here on Wednesday, the 2nd proximo.

MAILS CLOSE.

Haiphong, and Pakhoi Per Carl Diederichsen, 1st July, 8 a.m.

Japan via Kobe-Tsushima, 1st July, 9 a.m.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per Haiyang, 1st July, 10 a.m.

Salon, Straits, Ceylon, Adelaide, Western Australia, India, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles (Late Letters 11 to Noon. Extra Postage 10 cents). (Letters posted in all the Pillar Boxes in time for the first clearance will be included in this contract mail.)—Per Armand Behic, 1st July, 11 a.m.

Philippine Islands, Japan via Nagasaki, Canada, Honolulu, United States, and South America via San Francisco—Per Persia, 1st July, 11 a.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 1st July, noon.

Ningpo, Tsingtau and Newchwang—Per Tientsin, 1st July, noon.

Japan via Mike and Kobe—Per Jelunga, 1st July, noon.

Straits and India via Calcutta—Per Dillwara, 1st July, noon.

Philippine Islands—Per Chinhua, 1st July, noon.

Japan via Nagasaki—Per Inaba-maru, 1st July, noon.

Formosa via Keelung, Shanghai, North China, Japan via Moji, Victoria, B.O., and Seattle—Per Sado-maru, 1st July, noon.

Straits, Ceylon and India via Bombay—Per Gisela, 1st July, noon.

Shanghai and North China—Per Bangsang, 1st July, noon.

Straits and Ceylon—Mishima-maru, 1st July, noon.

Shanghai and North China—Per Koerber, 1st July, noon.

Holhow, Haiphong (Pakhoi) and Saigon—Per Kaifong, 2nd July, 9 a.m.

Swatow—Per Haimun, 2nd July, 10 a.m.

Samarang & Sourabaya—Per Chidlar, 2nd July, 10 a.m.

Philippine Islands, Australia, Tasmania and New Zealand—Thursday Island—Per Rumano-maru, 2nd July 10 a.m.

Shanghai, North China, Japan via Nagasaki, United States, South America and Canada via Vancouver (Europe via Siberia)—Per Empress of Japan 2nd July, 11 a.m.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per Kajo-maru, 2nd July, 1 p.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 2nd July, 1.15 p.m.

Shanghai, & North China (Europe via Siberia)—Per China, 2nd July, 5 p.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 3rd July 1.15 p.m.

Shanghai and North China—Per Luohow, 3rd July, 3 p.m.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per Haiyang, 4th July, 10 a.m.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED.

Ohiyuen, Chi. s.s., 1267, Post, 23th June—Shanghai 28th June, Gen.—O. M. S. N. Co.

Brasilia, Ger. s.s., 4258, Dunat 29th June—Hankow 28th June, Gen.—H. A. L.

Hanoi, Fr. s.s., 739, Chevalier, 28th June—Haiphong K. O. Wan 28th June, Gen.—A. R. Marty.

Laertes, Br. s.s., 1340, Wawn, 29th June—Singapore 28th June, Gen.—Wo Fat Sing.

Kiang Ping, Chi. s.s., 1392, Whedman, 29th June—Chinkiang 29th June, Gen.—Tung Lee & Co.

Haiyang, Br. s.s., 1326, Hodgins, 29th June—Fochow, Amoy and Swatow 28th June, Gen.—D. L. & Co.

Phuyen, Fr. s.s., 1246, Ribaut, 29th June—Saigon, Gen.—B. & Co.

Gisela, Aust. s.s., 1542, Gencereh, 29th June—Shanghai 28th June, Gen.—S. W. Co.

Inaba Maru, Jap. s.s., 3139, S. Tomlinson, 30th June—Australia and Manila, Gen.—N. Y. K.

Armand Behic, Fr. s.s., 3864, Bosati, 30th June—Shanghai and Yokohama 21st June, Gen.—M. M.

Benelouch, Br. s.s., McMillan, 30th June—Moji, Coal—G. L. & Co.

Telemachus, Br. s.s., 4801, Goodwin, 30th June—Shanghai 27th June, Gen.—B. & S.

Tamon Maru, Jap. s.s., 3116, Kugash, 30th June—Coal—Mitsui.

Luchow, Br. s.s., 1221, Weatheral, 30th June—Shanghai 26th June, Gen.—B. & S.

Germany, Ger. s.s., 586, Jepsen, 30th June—Koror 23rd June, Gen.—S. & Co.

Ernest Simons, Fr. s.s., 2890, Brunt, 30th June—Marseilles 1st June, Gen.—M. M. Co.

Chunseang, Br. s.s., 1418, Malloch, 30th June—Chinwantao 23rd June, Coal—J. M. & Co.

Mishima Maru, Jap. s.s., 5270, Sommer, 30th June—Yokohama 27th June, Gen.—N. Y. K.

Kumano Maru, Jap. s.s., 3147, Winokler, 30th June—Nagasaki 26th June, Gen.—N. Y. K.

CLEARANCES AT THE HARBOUR OFFICE.

June 28.

Sungkiang, for Haiphong.

Daigi-maru, for Tamsui.

Helene, for Tourane.

Chihli, for Shanghai.

Eiger, for Newchwang.

June 30.

Kiang Ping, for Canton.

Carl Diederichsen, for Haiphong.

Chiuyuen, for Canton.

G. Apoor, for Calcutta.

Haiyang, for Fochow.

Kyoko-maru, for Newchwang.

Luchow, for Canton.

Yunshun, for Shanghai.

Armand Behic, for Marseilles.

American, for K. O. Wan.

Telemachus, for Liverpool.

Kwong Chau-wan, for K. O. Wan.

DEPARTED.

June 29.

Haimun, for Swatow.

Eastern, for Kobe.

Sexte, for Bangkok.

Kajo-maru, for Moji.

Sinla, for Yokohama.

Daigi-maru, for Tamsui.

Eiger, for Newchwang.

June 30.

Nukai-maru, for Wakamatsu.

G. Apoor, for Straits.

Yunshun, for Shanghai.

Chihli, for Shanghai.

Chiuyuen, for Canton.

Kiang Ping, for Canton.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per s.s. Chiuyuen, arrived 28th inst. from Shanghai:—

Gibson, L. Lepeseler, C.

Per s.s. Inaba Maru, arrived 30th inst. from Australia:—

Bowden, P. K. Moerman, Rea

Baretto, E. N. J.

Bowden, Mrs. L. Montez, Miss

Beattie, A. E.

Counell A. E. Persin, Mrs. M.

Counell, Mrs. R. Pascual, C.

Foster, G. E. Pascual, Mrs.

Hingle, E. J. C.

Knight, Mrs. B. Raynor, Miss

Knight, N. B. K.

Lane, E. J. Shigh V. C.

Louie, F. Shopiso, Mrs.

McElhone, Mrs. N. N.

McElhone, W. Watters, Mr. M.

Watters, J.

WEATHER REPORT.

On the 30th at 11.30.—The northern depression is passing into the Pacific.

The depression over Tongking has deepened and now extends to the Yangtze Valley.

Pressure has decreased moderately to slightly in central and southern districts. It is highest in the neighbourhood of the Bonins.

Moderate S. winds are indicated over the east coast of China and over the N. China Sea.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.19 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON TO-MORROW.

District. Forecast.

1 Hongkong and Neighbourhood

2 Formosa Channel

3 South coast of China between H.K. and Lamook

4 South coast of China between H.K. and Hainan

China Coast Meteorological Register.

30th June, a.m.

Table with 7 columns: Station, Hour, Barometer, Temperature, Humidity, Wind, Weather. Rows include Wostock, Nemuro, Hakodate, Tokyo, Kochi, Nagasaki, Kishima, Oshima, Naha, Ishijima, Bonin Is., Chofuo, Hailuwei, Hankow, Lohang, Kiangling, Changsha, Shanghai, Sharp P., Amoy, Swatow, Taihoku, Taichu, Tainan, Koshun, P'dores, Canton, H'kong, Gap Rock, Macao, Wuchow, Pakhoi, Holhow, Phullen, Tourane, C. St. J., Aparr, Manila, Legaspi, Iloilo, Bacolod, Cebu, Labuan.

T. F. Claxton, Director, Hongkong Observatory, June 30.

1 Barometer, reduced to 32 degrees Fahrenheit on the level of the sea in inches, tenths and hundredths.

2 Temperature, in the shade, in degrees Fahrenheit.

3 Humidity, in percentage of saturation, the Humidity of air saturated with moisture being 100.

4 Direction of Wind, to two points.

5 Force of Wind, according to Beaufort Scale.

6 State of Weather, b blue sky, c detached cloud, d drizzling rain, f fog, g gloomy, h hail, i lightning, o overcast, p passing showers, q squally, r rain, s snow, t thunder, v visibility, w dew wet.

0 Rain in inches, tenths and hundredths.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Previous Day On Date On Date

Barometer 29.85 29.86 29.82

Temperature 85 81 87

Humidity 74 84 87

Wind Direction SW 8 WSW

Force 1 1 1

Weather 0 0 0

Rain 0.05

Mail Steamers

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Table with 4 columns: For, Steamers, To Sail On, Remarks. Rows include SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE, AND YOKO, HAMA, CHINA, DEVANHA, LONDON, TONKIN & ANT, SUNDIA, etc.

All the above steamers are fitted with Wireless Telegraphy. For Freight, or Passage apply to E. A. Hewett, Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s office, Hongkong, 29th June, 1913.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD. BREMEN.

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NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD MELCHERS & CO.

GENERAL AGENTS, HONGKONG AND CHINA.

Hongkong, 27th June, 1913.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE BETWEEN EUROPE AND JAPAN.

Table with 4 columns: Steamers, Will leave for Japan on, Will leave for Australia, Remarks. Rows include Amazon, Australien, Armand Behic, etc.

For Freight and Passage apply to M. SAINT CLAIR de BUSSIERE, Agent, Queen's Buildings, No. 8.

THE EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.

Mail Service to Australia via Manila.

MAIL SCHEDULE SUBJECT TO MODIFICATION.

Table with 3 columns: Steamers, Arrive Hongkong from Australia, Leave Hongkong for Australia. Rows include EASTERN EMPIRE, etc.

The above Steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice, French Provisions, etc., and are lighted throughout with Electricity. All State-Rooms have Electric Fans. A duly qualified Doctor and Stewardess are carried. For further particulars, apply to Gibbs, Livingston & Co., Agents.

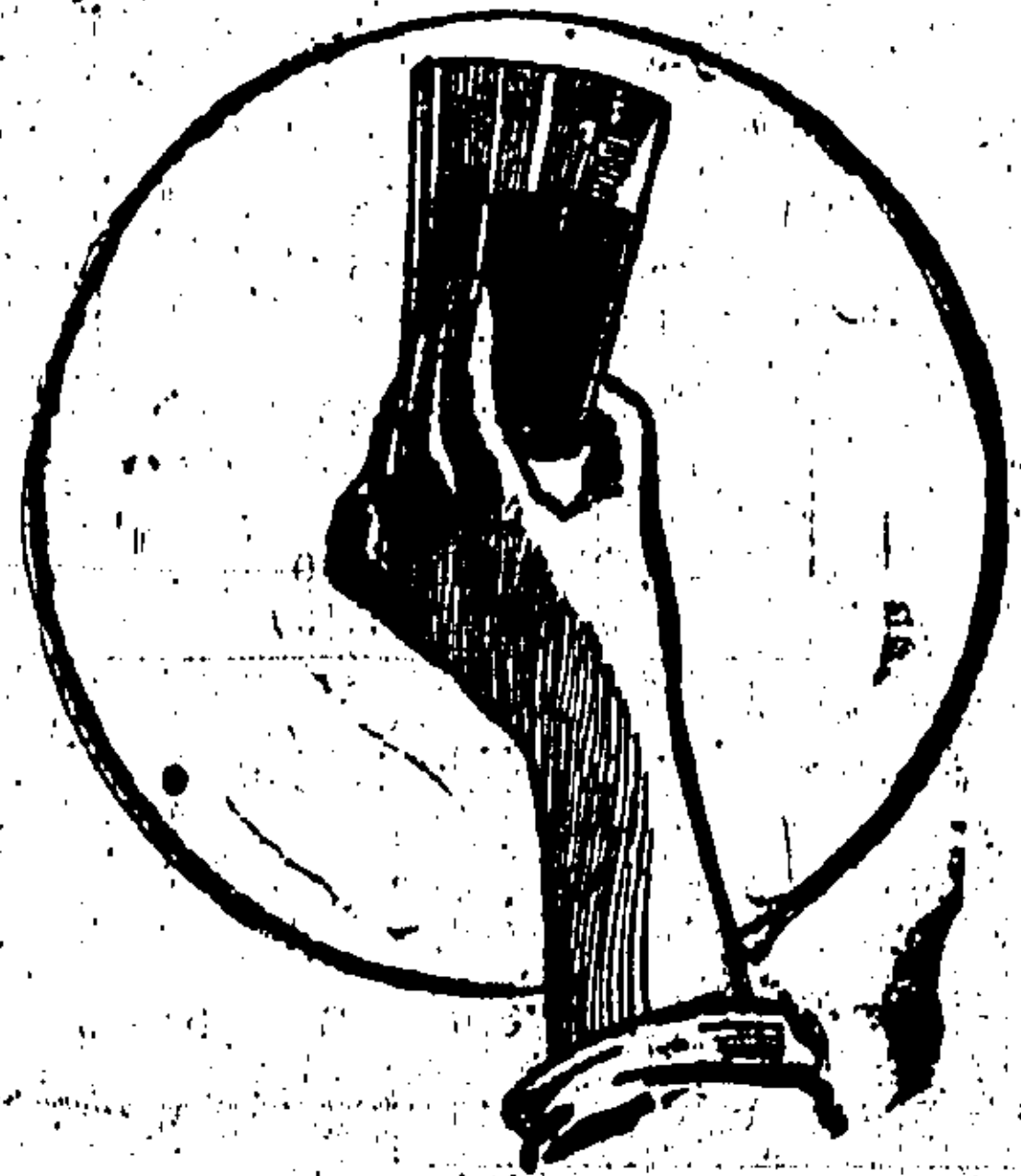
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